

Who Is the Blatherskite? Editorial.
Into the Insurance Jungle: Editorial.
Pro and Con the French Plane Deal:
A Symposium.

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G.O.P. SENATORS
WANT TO REVEAL
VERSION OF WHAT
ROOSEVELT SAID

Bridges Demands President
Release Them From Sec-
recy Pledge in Row
Over Whether He Placed
U. S. Frontier on Rhine.

CLARK IS PRESSING
FOR FULL PUBLICITY

One Member of Congress
Wrote Out Everything He
Could Remember About
Conference and Put It in
a Safe Place.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Pres-
ident Roosevelt's denial that he
ever said the Rhine was America's
frontier brought a Republican de-
mand today that he let Senators
tell their version of what he said
at a secret conference on foreign
affairs last Tuesday.

Senator Bridges (Rep.), New
Hampshire, one of the military com-
mittee members who attended the
conference and pledged secrecy, de-
manded after the President
had disputed some accounts
of the meeting and had accused
some legislative and newspaper
owner agitators of deliberately mis-
representing his point of view.

Word Leaked Out.
Immediately after the confer-
ence, word leaked out that Mr.
Roosevelt had told the Senators
that America was selling military
airplanes to France because help-
ing the democratic nations of the
world was part of the present
American foreign policy. One Sen-
ator, not named, was reported to
have said that he understood the
President said that America's fron-
tier was now the Rhine, but others
denied he had made such a state-
ment.

At his press conference yester-
day, Mr. Roosevelt stamped as a
"deliberate lie" the report that he
had talked of the Rhine as this
country's frontier, and he dictated
a terse foreign policy statement
which began:

"We are against any entangling
alliances, obviously."

Bridges' Comment.
Talking with reporters later,
Senator Bridges said:

"As long as the President has
stated his views of what took place
there, I think that it is only fair
that the members of the committee
be permitted to state their views.
This is a question that may involve
the destiny of America and mil-
lions of Americans."

Chairman Pittman (Dem.), Ne-
vada, of the Senate Foreign Rela-
tions Committee, who attended the
White House press conference yester-
day, contended the statement
that the President had removed
any fear that our President is go-
ing down the road to war."

At his press conference yester-
day, Mr. Roosevelt declared there
had been no change in traditional
American foreign policy and that
there was not going to be any
change.

Statement of Policy.
He gave the press representa-
tives this statement of policy:

"1. We are against any entangling
alliances, obviously.
"2. We are in favor of the main-
tenance of world peace and of every-
body—all nations—including our-
selves.
"3. We are in complete sympathy
with any and every effort made to
reduce or limit armaments.
"4. As a nation—as American
people—we are sympathetic with the
peaceful maintenance of politi-
cal, economic and social indepen-
dence of all nations in the world."
This pronouncement brought an
immediate expression of surprise
from Senator Nye, (Rep.) North Da-
kota, who attended the Tuesday
conference and said immediately
afterward that it irked him to be
bound by secrecy after such an im-
portant discussion.

"If this has been our foreign pol-
icy of the time, why the secrecy
of days?" Nye demanded.
It was disclosed that a record of
what was said at the meeting had
been kept by Henry Kanneke, the
President's personal stenographer.
One Member Keeps Record.
One Democratic committee mem-
ber said he returned to his office
immediately after the session, wrote
out in long hand all that he could
recall of what occurred and placed
it in a safe place.
Some predicted the controversy
over the President's position on for-
eign policy would continue.

State Investigating Their Income



ABOVE, left, TIMOTHY R. CRONIN; right, HARRY J. CANTWELL. Below, LAWRENCE J. CANTANZARO, also known as Lawrence Camie.

4 MORE SAY NICK
HELD UNION MEN
IN FEAR OF JOBS

Movie Operators Continue
Story of His Domination
at Deposition Hearing in
Ouster Suit.

Four more members of the movie
operators' union, testifying today
in a deposition hearing in the
case of 19 operators to ouster John P.
Nick from his dictatorial control of
the union, declared they were afraid
of losing their theater employment
if they did not do just as Nick
wanted them to.

They told of threats by Nick to
tear up their union cards, thus de-
priving them of the right to work,
if they congregated for discussions
of union affairs.

Today's witnesses, all among the
plaintiffs, were William Robinson,
J. C. Chambers, Charles B. Johnson
and George E. Pallme. Six other
plaintiffs were examined in behalf
of the defense yesterday and
Thursday. The hearing, at which
Nick has been present, was ad-
journing next Tuesday, when a
start will be made in the interroga-
tion of the remaining nine plain-
tiffs.

Struck on Head.
Robinson testified he was struck
on the back of the head about a
year ago, in a saloon in the build-
ing occupied by the union headquar-
ters, 4 South Eighth street. He did
not know who hit him, he said, but
the only other persons present, be-
sides the bartender, were J. C. Wil-
son and a man named Albrecht,
members of the union, whom Robin-
son called "Nick men."

A short time before that, the wit-
ness continued, Wilson had told
him, in effect, "I have the backing
of an I. A. (international alliance
of the union) man in the city and
can do what I want." Robinson
explained that he took this to mean
Wilson was being used by Nick in
exercising control over the union.
Some time before that, Robinson
added, he had been called to testi-
fy against Wilson on union charges.

No Use to Complain.
Asked why he had not taken
complaints to the international union
convention, Robinson said he saw
no point to that, because it was
his experience that objections
entered there were referred to a
committee dominated by Nick and
George E. Browne, the international
president, and nothing was done.

Robinson was asked why he con-
sidered the defendants, Nick,
Browne and Clyde A. Weston,
Nick's chief lieutenant, unfit to ex-
ercise control. He replied, in effect,
that Weston was unfit because he
had been ejected from the East St.
Louis local of the union; Nick be-
cause he was known to the police
and Browne, because he tolerated
unfit local officials here.

Chambers testified about an oc-
casion when Nick was telling union
members that he was "boss" and
Weston was delegated to carry out
his orders. The witness added that
Nick said, with reference to West-
on, "And if that doesn't do what I tell him, I'll
throw him out."

Defense Depositions.
The depositions are being taken
in behalf of Nick, who, with State
Representative Edward M. (Putty
Nose) Brady, has been indicted by
the grand jury on a charge of ex-
tortion growing out of a \$10,000
defense fund raised by moving pic-
ture theater owners in 1936.

Reporters are barred from the
hearings, held before Special Com-
missioner Milton Yawitz in his of-
fice at 208 North Broadway. It
Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

HARRY CANTWELL,
3 UNION OFFICERS
UNDER TAX INQUIRY

State Wants to Know Why
Associates in Parklot,
Inc., Made No Individual
Income Returns.

FOUR SUMMONED
BY AUDITOR SMITH

\$450,000 Business Done in
1937 by Terminal Where
Service Car Men Must
Buy Their Gasoline.

Three officers of Parklot, Inc.,
and Harry J. Cantwell, their attor-
ney, have been summoned to appear
at City Hall on Monday to tell
why they have not filed individual
State income tax returns in recent
years, State Auditor Forrest Smith
told the Post-Dispatch today.

Those who were ordered to ap-
pear before Smith's deputies at the
Auditor's office with Cantwell
were T. R. (Ted) Cronin, presi-
dent of Parklot; Lawrence J.
Catanzaro, vice-president, and
William H. Schubert, secretary. The
penalty for failure to file a State
return is a double tax.

Parklot's Big Business.
Parklot, Inc., is the busy service
car terminal at Levee and Locust
street, where the 425 service car
drivers are required to buy their
gasoline and oil, and which sells
2,800,000 gallons of gasoline a year.
Cronin is business agent and "big
boss" of the Service Car Drivers'
Local Union 408. Catanzaro, also
known as Camie, is a chauffeur's
union business agent, and Schubert
is secretary of the service car driv-
ers' organization.

Those who came to St. Louis
from Jefferson City Thursday, said
a search of records at City Hall
failed to reveal individual returns
for the three union men and their
attorney for 1936 and 1937. Returns
for 1938 are not due until March
15. M. C. Redman, general mana-
ger of Parklot, made his individ-
ual return, and returns were filed
for Parklot, listing salaries paid
the officers, Smith said.

Cantwell was reported out of the
city for the week-end, and could not
be reached. Schubert, informed of
Smith's statement that his State in-
come tax return for two years is
missing, declared "that is news to
me, I thought I filed everything
that had to be filed."

\$450,000 Business in 1937.
Smith declined to discuss the
Parklot returns. The Post-Dispatch
has learned, however, that the
gross business of Parklot in 1937
was in excess of \$450,000. Besides
the service car business, Parklot
receives pay from three of the af-
filiated chauffeurs' unions and
from other sources.

Cronin is paid salaries by the
Teamsters' Joint Council, Milk
Wagon Drivers' Local 603 and the
Service Car Drivers' Local 408.
Catanzaro, who is business agent
of the material and oil truck driv-
ers' union, receives pay from the
Teamsters' Joint Council and the
Milk Wagon Drivers' Union, besides
his salary from Parklot.

He, Schubert, and Cantwell
have their offices at the Service Car
Terminal, which Parklot owns.
The building is included with much
older structures in the riverfront
memorial condemnation.

Schubert, known as "Whitey,"
keeps a book of names of union
members who leads to Cronin's office,
overlooking the river. The latter has
knotty pine walls and is handsomely
furnished.

Penalty for Buying Elsewhere.
Service car drivers are ordered to
patronize the Parklot gasoline
pumps, receiving 1 cent off on the
gallon. There is a penalty of \$5
assessed through the union, for buy-
ing gasoline elsewhere. All pur-
chases are for cash, although a driv-
er short of change is permitted to
make a trip or two until he picks
up enough fares to pay his gasoline
bill.

When a reporter recently in-
quired about the control and prof-
its of Parklot, Cronin replied that
it was "a co-operative enterprise in
which everyone around here has
shares." Asked for additional de-
tails, Cronin asserted that Parklot
is "behind the service car drivers;
without something solid behind
them they would be unable to op-
erate." He added that his rent and
"everybody around here shares
in the profits" referred to annual
bonuses received by Parklot and
employees at the levee terminal and
at the western terminus in University
City.

Parklot was incorporated under
a Missouri charter in June, 1932,
with \$10,000 capital. Catanzaro,
Schubert and Cantwell were among
the incorporators, but Cronin's
name does not appear in records
of the firm until later, when he
became president.

Cantwell told the reporter that
Continued on Page 3, Column 7.

JUDGE SOUTHERN
RENEWS INQUIRY;
STOP WRIT DENIED

Recalls Grand Jury, Tells
It There Is 'No Limit' in
Kansas City Crime In-
vestigation.

REFERS TO GAMBLING
AS 'MAJOR INDUSTRY'

Court in Instructions
Quotes Stark's Charges
of 'Definite Breakdown
of Law Enforcement.'

By the Associated Press.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 4.—A
hurriedly reconvened grand jury,
armed with a State Supreme Court
order authorizing it to proceed,
plunged anew today into an inves-
tigation of gambling, racketeering
and liquor law violations in Kan-
sas City.

In instructions to the investi-
gators, Judge Allen C. Southern added
to his own observations charges by
Gov. Lloyd C. Stark of a "general
breakdown of law enforcement" in
Kansas City, and assertions by At-
torney-General Roy McKittick that
liquor law enforcement throughout
the State was a "mockery and a
shame."

Supreme Court Lifts Bar.
Way for resumption of the in-
quiry, which already has accented
the Governor's political quarrel
with powerful Boss T. J. Pender-
gast's Democratic organization, was
cleared by the Supreme Court yester-
day. It denied a writ of prohibi-
tion requested against the grand
jury by the attorney, Attorney W.
W. Graves, a Pendergast organiza-
tion member.

In an isolated paragraph of his
instructions, Judge Southern told
the jurors they could return an in-
dictment on "any criminal charge
which has heretofore been dis-
missed," if they believe it should be
"prevented and prosecuted."

He followed the Supreme Court's
ruling that he could not bar the
prosecutor or the Attorney-General
from the grand jury by naming
three Assistant Attorneys-General
as specific aids for the jurors and
leaving Southern, in his instruc-
tions, to the way open for Graves or
any of his assistants to appear.

After questioning two witnesses
without the aid of an attorney the
jury recessed this afternoon until
Monday. Identity of the witnesses
was not disclosed.

Instructions to Jury.
Judge Southern, in his instruc-
tions, asserted there was "common
knowledge" of gambling violations
which existed "without restraint by
the law enforcement agencies of
Kansas City and Jackson County."

Gov. Stark "publicly declared,"
Judge Southern said, "that in Kan-
sas, Judge Thomas has been long
been active in Connecticut politics
and was a member of the Demo-
cratic state committee when he
was appointed to the Federal bench
in 1913 by Woodrow Wilson."

Notwithstanding statements to
the contrary," Judge Southern told
the jurors, he had not barred the
prosecutor, the Attorney-General
nor their assistants from the grand
jury.

He pointed out, however, that
"neither the Circuit Court, nor the
Prosecuting Attorney nor any other
person or official can interfere with
the proceedings and deliberations
of the grand jury."

Aiming his principal barbs at
gambling, he spoke also of "reputed
violations of the State's liquor laws
in this jurisdiction" and added
"gentlemen, there is no limit to
your investigation regardless of
what its nature may be."

"Gambling a Major Industry."
Because "the spirit of gambling
has been inherent in the human
breast from the beginning of time,"
Judge Southern said, "casual tech-
nical violations of the statutes pro-
hibiting gambling are generally con-
doned," but:

"When gambling becomes a major
industry in a community, as com-
monly reported here; when it takes
the funds of the working man,
WPA employees, of salaried clerks
and of their wives and families as
generally reported, and diverts
those funds from legitimate needs
and businesses into vicious chan-
nels; when it deprives the partici-
pating public of the wants and
necessities of life, and when the
alleged racketeers are able to com-
promise and paralyze the agencies
charged with enforcement of the
law as frequently charged, then
gambling so conducted becomes a
menace to society."

Not only, he said, is such "tre-
mendous scale" gambling a "men-
ace of general knowledge" in Kan-
sas City, but "it is commonly re-
ported that tribute is levied upon
every gambling game by powerful

LOYALIST SPAIN REPORTED
ASKING BRITAIN TO OPEN
NEGOTIATIONS TO END WARU.S. JUDGE CALLED
HOME FROM TRIP
IN MANTON INQUIRY

Justice Department Orders
Edwin S. Thomas to
Leave Liner—to Be Asked
About Coster, Too.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The
Justice Department ordered Fed-
eral District Judge Edwin S.
Thomas today to disembark at the
first port from a liner en route to
South America and to return to
New York to appear before two
Federal grand juries.

A radiogram, signed by Brian Mc-
Mahon, Assistant Attorney-General,
read:

"Investigation very important to
administration of justice and to you
personally. I insist on your imme-
diate return from first port of call.
Subpoena will await you at Cristobal
(Canal Zone)."

The radiogram was addressed to
Thomas aboard the S. S. Santa Bar-
bara en route to the Canal Zone.

In New York, United States At-
torney Gregory F. Noonan said
Thomas, who sits in the Connecti-
cut district, would be questioned on
"Federal matters, including the
Coster-Musica case and the Manton
case."

Earlier, Noonan had sent a mes-
sage to the master of the vessel
requesting Judge Thomas to come
ashore. A reply said the judge was
continuing his journey.

Later Noonan announced he was
air-mailing a subpoena to the United
States Attorney in the Canal Zone
and requesting Judge Thomas' re-
turn. He said Federal agents had
been provided with subpoenas and
went today to unnamed Connecti-
cut points to procure bank records,
duplicate income tax returns and
business records in connection with
the Thomas subpoena.

The Coster-Musica case involves
the late F. Donald Coster, Mead-
head of the McKesson-Robbins drug
concern. Federal Circuit Judge
Martin T. Manton recently resigned
after he had been accused of ac-
cepting loans from litigants with
business before the court.

Noonan said a subpoena had been
issued for Manton to appear before
the additional Federal grand jury
on Monday, with his records, as
soon as he leaves the bench.

Judge Thomas sailed in a group
of four. The others were Mrs.
Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. John
Kearney. Judge Thomas has been
active in Connecticut politics
and was a member of the Demo-
cratic state committee when he
was appointed to the Federal bench
in 1913 by Woodrow Wilson.

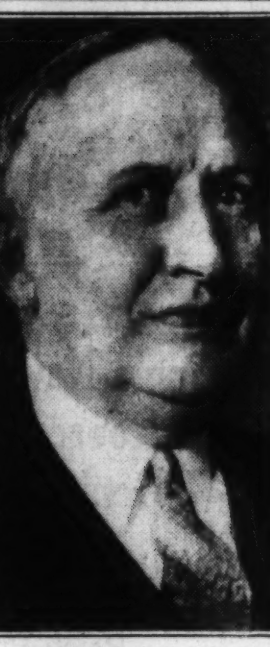
Judge Thomas' Rolling Led to In-
quiry Into McKesson & Robbins.
By the Associated Press.
HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 4.—It
was a ruling by United States Dis-
trict Judge Edwin S. Thomas that
began a series of developments
which led to the many-sided in-
vestigation of the affairs of the Mc-
Kesson & Robbins, Inc.

Judge Thomas, who is in his late
60s, last December appointed two
temporary receivers for the drug
corporation after Attorney Vincent
W. Dennis of Hartford filed an
action for the Badgett quadru-
plets. He said a \$100,000 offer
from a New York concern to place
the quadruplets on exhibition under
a one-year contract had been re-
fused.

The family physician advised him
that the children, though normal
and healthy, should not be taken
on exhibition.

The three-day-old girls probably
will make a public debut here Feb.
17-21, when the Mardi Gras cele-
bration is held. The quadruplets
—Joan, Jennifer, Jeanette and
Joyce—have been appointed celebra-
tion mascots for life.

Called for Inquiry



JUDGE EDWIN S. THOMAS.

TWO DEVIL'S ISLAND
FUGITIVES RESCUED
AFTER SHIPWRECK

Men Suffering From Hunger
and Exposure Taken Off
Cay Near Jamaica.

By the Associated Press.
KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 4.—
Two fugitives from Devil's Island
in French Guiana were rescued yes-
terday, half dead from hunger and
exposure, after being shipwrecked
on a barren cay, 90 miles south-
west of Jamaica.

The motor ship Cimbroco was sent
to the rescue when two compan-
ions, washed ashore Wednesday
night in a rickety skiff, related their
plight to Jamaica authorities.

They left Jamaica Dec. 17 in a
sloop provided by sympathizers and
headed for Mexico. Under Jamaica
law they had to depart after mak-
ing their way here from the French
penal colony six months earlier.

A few days out their sloop was
wrecked on Pedro Cay. There they
existed on bird's eggs and seafood
while they built the skiff from the
wreckage of the sloop.

Since the little boat could not ac-
commodate all four, they drew lots
to determine the two to make the
perilous return trip to Jamaica.

Like the two left on the cay, the
men washed ashore in the skiff
were near death from starvation.

Eight others who escaped from
Devil's Island with them already
have got safely to Mexico.

NEW YORK ELEVATOR STRIKE
ENDS WITH COMPROMISE

Union Accepts La Guardia's Propo-
sal for \$1 a Week Pay In-
crease, Shorter Hours.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The three-
day strike of elevator operators and
other building service employees in
the heart of the garment area ended
last night when the workers
voted to accept Mayor F. H. La-
Guardia's compromise proposal.

James J. Bambrick, president of
a local of the Building Service In-
ternational Union, American Fed-
eration of Labor affiliate, said 1745
favored acceptance of the Mayor's
plan for a \$1 weekly wage increase
and a reduction in the work-week
from 48 to 47 hours.

The second proposal on the bal-
lot, calling for arbitration of all
points in dispute, received 149 votes
while the third question, rejecting
both proposals, received 538.

The settlement ended the en-
forced idleness of 100,000 workers
who had been kept from their
benches since Tuesday by the walk-
out of 7000 elevator and other build-
ing service employees.

HOPE ABOUT GONE FOR 40
IN JAPANESE SUBMARINE

Two Days Have Passed Since Craft
Went Down; No Report on
Rescue Attempt.

By the Associated Press.
TOKYO, Feb. 4.—Hope for the
rescue of the crew of the Japanese
first class submarine I-63 waned
today with the passing of 48 hours
since the craft sank in the Island
Sea after a collision with another
submarine.

The Admiralty gave no news of
the rescue attempt and it was in-
dicated information would be re-
leased after success or failure of
the salvage effort was determined
finally.

The submarine, with an estimat-
ed 40 men on board, sank in the
strait between Kyushu and Shikoku
islands during maneuvers Thurs-
day.

PREMIER NEGRIN
SAID TO HAVE LAID
DOWN 3 POINTS

They Are: End of Foreign
Influence, Setting Up of
Government Desired by
People and Bar Against
Persecutions.

GERONA, CATALANIAN
STRONGHOLD, FALLS

Franco's Men March Into
Provincial Capital, Last
Important City in the
Northeast—Defense Line
Is Shattered.

By the Associated Press.
PERPIGNAN, France, Feb. 4.—
It was learned reliably tonight that
the British Government had been
requested by the Spanish Govern-
ment to open secret negotiations
for peace with the Spanish insur-
gents.

Negotiations were to be pursued
on the basis of three points which
Premier Juan Negrin of Govern-
ment Spain outlined to the Govern-
ment Cortes (Parliament), Jan. 1,
it was understood.

The three points were:

1. a guarantee that Spain would
be freed from all foreign influence;
2. Establishment of a Government
desired by all the people and
named through a plebiscite;
3. Liquidation of the war without
persecution to permit all Spaniards
to join in reconstructing Spain.

Informed sources placed special
importance on the report that the
British Government had been ap-
proached to aid in ending the two
and one-half year old civil conflict,
for it would be the first time Negrin
had entrusted the British with
negotiations.

It was reported that these nego-
tiations would be being carried out
through British diplomatic repre-
sentatives at Burgos.

Fall of Gerona.
Insurgent dispatches reported to-
day that Generalissimo Francisco
Franco's Navarrese Army Corps en-
tered Gerona, last major Govern-
ment stronghold in northeastern
Spain, at 10:30 a. m. (4:30 a. m. St.
Louis Time).

Gerona, an old walled city and
capital of a province of the same
name, is only 25 air miles and
36 miles by road from the French
border. Located in the heart of the
city had a population of
almost 100,000. Figueras, tempo-
rary capital of the Spanish Govern-
ment, is 22 miles to the north.

The Government's newest defense
line was said to have been shattered
and advanced to the frontier ap-
parently was only a question of
days.

Insurgent air squadrons heavily
bombed the refugee-choked region
along the border.

How Gerona Was Reached.
Striking northward the Navar-
rese troops had descended the
slopes of the Gavarra Moun-
tains to begin their occupation of
Gerona. Previously they had fought
their way through Casa de la Sel-
va, six miles from Gerona, where
their front lines halted last night.
Occupation of Gerona means con-
trol of a network of intersecting
highways leading east, west and
north toward Figueras.

In Spanish Government circles
fears were expressed that the in-
surgent advance on Ripoll, cross-
roads town on another main high-
way some 30 miles west of Gerona,
would soon cut communications be-
tween Government forces in North-
eastern Catalonia and the Durutti
division below Seo de Urgel.

It was believed that if Ripoll fell
the Durutti unit would become a
lost division, fighting entirely on
its own. Already deserters have
reported it as virtually out of food
and short of ammunition. Seo de
Urgel is only five miles below the
Andorran frontier.

Swift Advance Along Coast.
The sharpest insurgent advance
was along the Mediterranean where
Franco's troops followed up their
occupation of the highway town of
Llagostera yesterday with a new
thrust to the north, striking around
Casa de la Selva.

Another column farther inland
Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

OHIO RIVER RISING SLOWLY; FLOOD WARNING ISSUED

Some Lowlands Under Water — Freezing Weather Lessens Danger of Serious Inundation.

PREDICTED CRESTS REVISED UPWARD

Far Below Record Levels of 1937—Relief Committees Prepare for a Possible Emergency.

By the Associated Press. CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.—The Ohio River rose slowly toward flood stage today from Pittsburgh to Carrollton, Ky., halfway between Cincinnati and Louisville—but the danger of a serious inundation apparently was lessened by freezing weather which stemmed tributary runoffs.

The temperatures, however, added to the hardship of hundreds of families forced to evacuate lowland homes as high waters poured into some Ohio River cities. Red Cross and other relief agencies immediately went to work to care for the refugees.

Three were dead in West Virginia and four others were reported to have been drowned by swift-rising mountain streams. The high waters resulted from heavy rains and snows of the last three days over the mountainous Ohio valley watershed regions in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Kentucky and over hilly Southern Ohio.

Estimates Revised Upward. United States Meteorologist W. C. Devereaux at Cincinnati revised upward his predicted crests for the swollen Ohio. He said a crest of 56 feet could be expected from Huntington, W. Va., to Carrollton, Cincinnati, where the stage was 42 feet at noon. A 52-foot flood stage and Huntington's is 54. Devereaux earlier had issued a general flood warning from Pittsburgh to Cairo.

The predicted crest would be far below the record 1937 flood levels when the river broke through the Cincinnati and caused more than 200 deaths and several millions of dollars property damage in the worst inundation of the valley's history. Although freezing temperatures slowed the runoff into bankfull tributaries temporarily, warm weather was forecast tonight and Sunday for much of Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky.

Committees Held Ready. Relief committees made plans to organize relief and rehabilitation work. Even though the indicated danger was little more than that of a "good raise" as compared with the 1937 flood, officials everywhere detailed assignments to volunteers.

Some health authorities urged typhoid inoculations immediately. In Portsmouth Legion members patrolled the 62-foot floodwall. The Governors of West Virginia and Kentucky ordered state agencies to stand by.

With slightly colder weather slowing down the runoff from the banks, Government meteorologists said the crests were expected today or tomorrow in the upper valley and as late as Wednesday in the lower. All predicted crests were far and safely under the records. The upper valley received the benefit of the new \$10,000,000 flood control dam on the Tygart River, in operation only a year near Grafton, W. Va. Army engineers reported the dam holding back an 88-foot wall of water, and enabling the Monongahela to carry off the burden of other tributaries easily.

Flood Stage at Evansville. Evansville, Ind., was one of the first Ohio River cities to report flood stage. The river passed the 35-foot mark there yesterday as the city dug out from under the worst snowstorm in 20 years.

Waters crept into the business district at Point Pleasant, W. Va. A flood committee, organized after the 1937 disaster, took over the town last night after weather observers predicted a stage of 52 feet sometime late tonight or Sunday. That would be 12 feet over flood stage.

Elsewhere in West Virginia bridges were washed out, roads inundated and homes evacuated. J. F. White, 80-year-old retired farmer, drowned in swollen Roter Creek near Clarkburg and James Monroe Harless, a small boy, was killed when an explosion caused by a landslide broke a gas line near Branchland. Jackson County officers reported Luther Battrell, 25, lost his life leaping from a horse while crossing a flooded creek.

Danville, in the southern coal fields, had 100 homes under or in water. Buckhannon was isolated. Families were evacuated in lower sections of Guyandotte and Huntington.

New Maryland Congressman. BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.—Lansdale G. Lasser, Democrat, who formerly presided over the State Senate, was named Congressman from Maryland's Fifth District yesterday in a special election to fill the seat left vacant by the death of Representative Stephen W. Gathright.

Ohio River Flood in West Virginia



High water in a residential section of Huntington.

Goering's Newspaper Scoffs At Roosevelt's "Sorry, Poor Denial After 3 Whole Days"

President's Four-Point Policy Is New Attack on Germany and Italy, Another Reich Publication Says.

By the Associated Press. BERLIN, Feb. 4.—The Newspaper Nachtausgabe today interpreted the four points in the United States foreign policy enunciated by President Roosevelt yesterday as "new attacks on Germany and Italy."

"Formulation of these four points means new attacks on Germany and Italy," it said, "for it is believed over there (in the United States) that Germany and Italy have made a treaty providing for military attack against the democracies. It is believed both nations intend to disturb world commerce. 'Roosevelt's four points... signify in each individual case support of the lie, agitation and misrepresentation of the truth, because Italy and Germany have made no military attack treaty.'"

Nachtausgabe's comment followed refusal of the Government-controlled German press to accept President Roosevelt's denial of reports that he had said either that the American frontier was in France or on the Rhine.

"Intrinsically, it is of small importance whether the President actually used those words," said the Lokal-Anzeiger in reference to Mr. Roosevelt's denial.

"But he must have meant something like it, or else the American papers hardly would have been so unanimous on the subject. 'Moreover, the sale of war planes to France speaks with a sufficiently clear voice.'"

Field Marshal Hermann Wilhelm Goering's mouthpiece, the National Zeitung of Essen, said that President Roosevelt "evidently did not expect the reaction that followed his attempt five days ago to sabotage Adolf Hitler's Reichstag speech (in which the Fuehrer last Monday expressed his hope for a 'long peace')."

"Roosevelt, hitherto has not played a lucky hand at judging foreign political situations... His defense against the general indignation constitutes a curiosity which is unique in the history of political hypocrisy."

"Three whole days passed after the revelation of what he told the Reichstag. He contradicted nothing; he just retreated from his position. But he could not alter the facts."

"We have good grounds for believing that the policy is based on intervention in Europe and that is what leads to war. That is the program which has to be reckoned with."

"Roosevelt's curious defense, however, brings out this salient fact: That the American people, despite all warlike incitements, still so peacefully and sensibly minded that its belligerent president, in dire necessity and at the last moment, must swallow his words."

A. F. OF L. CAMPAIGN AGAINST CIO IN TEXTILE FIELD

Executive Council Approves Effort to Win Back Members Lost to Lewis Union.

By the Associated Press. MIAMI, Fla., Feb. 4.—American Federation of Labor officers approved yesterday a long range organizing campaign in an effort to win back membership lost to John L. Lewis' Congress of Industrial Organization in the textile field.

The A. F. of L. executive council, as an initial step, authorized President William Green to recharter the United Textile Workers' Union, once expelled for joining the CIO. Federation organizers also made plans to win back hosiery workers now represented chiefly by the CIO's American Federation of Hosiery Workers.

The federation, it was learned,

BRITAIN IS BUYING 250 MORE PLANES OF U. S.

Air Ministry to Take 50 Reconnaissance and 200 Training Ships.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, Feb. 4.—The Air Ministry announced today that it would purchase 250 warplanes in the United States in addition to 400 already ordered.

Fifty of the new planes, it was said, will be Lockheed general reconnaissance machines; the other 200 will be North American Aviation Co. trainers.

The view of the improved deliveries in prospect under orders for aircraft placed by the Air Ministry in the United States last year, the announcement said, "it has been possible to negotiate an increase in contracts for delivery within the period originally contemplated."

Delivery of the original order of 400 planes, at an estimated cost of \$35,000,000, was expected within from one to two years. The Air Ministry announced this order last June and indicated then that it might be increased.

Both Britain and France, admittedly unable to match Germany's warplane output and lagging far behind Germany in air strength, have turned to the United States to supplement their own production. Both have embarked on heavy programs of air rearmament.

First of Bombers Ordered by Britain. By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The first of 200 bombing planes ordered by the British Government from the Lockheed Aircraft Corporation was shipped on the liner Andania last night. A second plane is scheduled to go on the Aquitania today. Deliveries have not started on 200 North American training planes, also ordered by the British.

Not the Latest U. S. Fighting Planes; Anybody Can Buy Them. By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The new British purchase of 250 warplanes in the United States said officially today not to involve latest American fighting craft.

Louis Johnson, Assistant Secretary of War, said the British purchases were of planes which "anybody could buy."

The War Department was not consulted since they are not on the restricted list," Johnson said.

DALADIER REPORTED STUDYING PLAN TO REORGANIZE CABINET

Addition of Armament and Propaganda Ministries Included in Projected French Changes.

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Feb. 4.—There were reports in Chamber of Deputies today that Premier Edouard Daladier was studying a plan of reorganizing his Cabinet shortly to include new armament and propaganda ministries, but there was no official confirmation.

The reported plan included a change in the Air Ministry, its chief, Guy la Chambre, becoming Ambassador to Rumania with Albert Chichery, president of the Chamber, his probable successor.

Mentioned for the post of Minister of Armaments was the Radical-Socialist deputy, Leon Archimbaud, a member of the Chamber's National Defense Committee.

Deputy Jean Mistler, president of the Chamber's Foreign Affairs Commission, also a Radical-Socialist, was suggested as the likely head of the projected Propaganda Ministry.

15,845 Officers in Movie Industry. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Census Bureau today classified nearly every other person in the movie industry as a corporation officer. It said that in 1937, for example, a member of the industry had 15,845 officers drawing \$104,324,328 and 15,779 "wage earners" earning \$38,264,336.

SYNAGOGUE BLAST CAUSES MARTIAL LAW IN HUNGARY

Edict Issued After 20 Are Injured in Budapest Explosion—Jewish Legislation Pending.

PREMIER SOUGHT TO LIBERALIZE IT

Bills Brought Out Sharp Division in Nation's Sentiment — Round-Up of Fascists Begun.

By the Associated Press. BUDAPEST, Feb. 4.—The Government tonight proclaimed martial law throughout the country.

The action was prompted by last night's bomb explosion in Budapest's largest synagogue, where about 20 persons were injured.

The bomb exploded in the courtyard of the Dohany Street Synagogue, where thousands of worshippers had gathered for evening services.

The explosion, which police laid to anti-Jewish agitators, came as Premier Bela Imredi presented to Parliament liberalizing amendments to a proposed law for stringent control of Hungarian Jews. Nine of the victims were injured seriously.

The bombers escaped but police started a roundup of radical Fascist students. Six had been arrested late last night.

The authorities regarded the violence as an indication of sharp division of sentiment over pending anti-Jewish legislation.

Nazis and Fascists thought Imredi's proposal to mild Jewish and Liberals vigorously assailed the measure.

Imredi told a Parliamentary Committee he was offering amendments to the bill because of "changing conditions." In its original form, it would have required business, cultural and governmental affairs to from sit 12 per cent of the total number of persons participating.

He proposed a liberalizing definition of a Jew so that a half-Jew under complicated conditions might be regarded as non-Jewish.

LOYALIST SPAIN REPORTED PARLEYING TO END CIVIL WAR

Continued From Page One.

moved north and east from Vich along the Ter River valley toward Gerona, cutting behind the Government's fortified line in the Montseny Mountains from the west as the coastal forces had done from the east.

These two columns had advanced about 50 miles since the capture of Barcelona Jan. 26.

Gerona, which was conquered by the Moors in the eighth century and held by the French in the nineteenth, offered little more in the way of defenses than its crumbling walls and a few ruined fortresses on surrounding hills.

Both there and at Figueras insurgent air raids were taking a heavy toll of the French in the rush of refugees toward France from these war-crowded cities. More than 75,000 refugees were estimated to have crossed the border since the fall of Barcelona.

350 Casualties in Air Raid. The shattered remnants of the Government's Catalonian army were still resisting the insurgent advance, but aerial defenses appeared to have collapsed completely.

With the hundreds of refugees who reached the frontier, were many wounded from Figueras, where it was said facilities were insufficient to cope with the estimated 150 dead and 200 injured in yesterday's air bombardments.

Government officials were said to be evacuating the civilian population of Figueras to the open countryside.

The bombing at Figueras was shortly after noon. An hour later the planes came back. Despite the gallant efforts of outnumbered Government pursuit planes they sped over the town dropping bombs, whirled about, and came over again for another attack.

After an hour's interval the planes reappeared. This time they turned on the crowded Central Square, where air raid refugees were packed to the doorways. One bomb struck the office of Foreign Censorship, killing a Spanish news agency correspondent and wounding another.

The French consulate, used by the French Embassy staff, was hit but no one was hurt.

G. O. P. Senators Want to Tell Version of What Roosevelt Said

Continued From Page One.

sign affairs and the attendant Senate committee investigation into air plane sales to France would have the effect of retarding congressional action on the administration's armament program.

Nye said he did not think the program would be seriously jeopardized, however, because the country recognized that there was need for more defense equipment.

"But," he added, "all of this should have the effect of giving a larger voice to our military experts in shaping our defense policy."

Bridges agreed with this view. The contention that authority was granted to French air representatives to inspect the latest type of war planes in this country, over the protests of army officials, formed the basis of the military committee's investigation which led to the White House meeting.

Senator Clark (Dem., Missouri), said he would push his motion, at a meeting early next week, to make public the record of testimony bearing on the proposed plane purchases.

Clark Moves for Publicity. It was reported that Senator Lee (Dem.) Oklahoma, objected at a meeting of the committee yesterday that a committee promise had been made to the Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau, Secretary of War Woodring and other witnesses that their testimony would not be revealed. Morgenthau has said that he would have no objection to its publication.

Clark countered Lee's objection with a reminder that he had placed every witness on notice that he later would move to open the record.

Republican members sought to obtain approval of a motion to open all future hearings, except when military secrets were involved, but the committee delayed action after Senator Logan (Dem., Kentucky), had moved to continue closed sessions.

Senator Connally (Dem., Texas), a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said he thought the foreign policy, as stated by the President at the press conference, would be approved generally. Senator Radcliffe (Dem., Maryland), agreed.

Senator Bone (Dem., Washington), said that if one section of the Roosevelt statement meant defense of the traditional theory of freedom of the seas in time of war, such action might invite war.

Senator Norris (Ind.) Nebraska, told reporters he found nothing in the part of the statement which would let us in on his secret foreign policy.

"If I had it in my power I would not let any planes get to Germany and Italy and would stop the sale of scrap iron to Japan. I would encourage the sale of planes to France and England."

"If anything, such shipments would lessen the danger of war. 'They would not constitute a military alliance.'"

Pittman's Statement. Senator Pittman issued a statement saying that the Chief Executive's remarks should "absolutely remove any fear that our President is going down the road to war."

"It should definitely end any insinuations that the President will engage in any entangling alliances with foreign governments," he continued.

After saying that the assertion of American sympathy for peace, economic and social independence of the political, the economic and social independence of any nation by force of arms or threats of the use of force of arms. The President's introductory statement that 'the foreign policy has not changed' and it is not going to change is as important as any statement as language could express."

"Some speakers and writers actuated by vanity, political expediency, or other ulterior motives, may attempt to convince our citizens that the President has changed his policy. Such a charge would be a gross insult to the American people and will not be deceived by it."

Prado Museum art treasures from Figueras and special trucks were sent from France to take them to Geneva for safe keeping. The Government also was reported shipping the most valuable of Catalonia's war industries machinery to the Valencia and Madrid fronts, where the war was expected to continue after the insurgent conquest of Northeastern Spain.

Twelve hundred of the 11,000 Spanish Government militiamen who had fled to France since the fall of Barcelona were sent into insurgent Spanish territory by way of Hendaye.

All had chosen to accept Franco's promise not to make them subject to reprisals. They expected to be incorporated into the insurgent army.

Fourteen hundred others crossed into Government territory. Some of them would take the first opportunity to get back into France.

There still were about 8000 militiamen in camps on the French side.

Italian General Wounded During Advances on Gerona. ROME, Feb. 4.—An Italian News Agency dispatch from Burgos today said Gen. Bitossi, commander of the Littorio division of Italian legionnaires fighting with the Spanish insurgents, was wounded in the leg by a machine gun bullet during the advance on Gerona. He remained in command of his division despite the wound.

ENGLAND'S LATEST 'BOMBING' LAID TO GAS

Torquay Tory Club Blown Up but Scotland Yard Doesn't Blame Irish.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, Feb. 4.—An explosion which wrecked the headquarters of the Torquay Conservative Club in Devonshire was believed tonight to have been caused by accidental ignition of gas, after Scotland Yard detectives had hurried to the scene on the theory that it had been caused by a terrorist bomb.

Local police could find no clue to the blast, which tore up floorboards, ripped open walls and smashed every window in the three-floor political headquarters, throwing the seaside resort town into turmoil.

A special guard was posted around Windsor, where King George and Queen Elizabeth were spending the weekend at their royal lodge.

Earlier, the Houses of Parliament had been barred to visitors as a precaution and police had announced discovery of important secret clues to a series of bombings attributed to the anti-Irish Republican Army.

Police said they discovered seven hand grenades and 11 rounds of ammunition in the garden of Michael John Lyons, 36 years old, a London resident charged with complicity.

Officials disclosed that the Home Office was "dealing" with an Irish Republican Army ultimatum served on Foreign Secretary Viscount Halifax.

The Daily Herald said a four-day ultimatum for removal of British troops from Ireland had been sent to Lord Halifax Jan. 12—four days before the first bombings. As quoted by the Herald, the ultimatum said:

"We shall regret if this fundamental condition is ignored and we are compelled to intervene actively in the military or commercial life of your country as your Government now is intervening in ours."

Reports that large stocks of explosives were missing from munitions factories intensified the hunt, the biggest of its kind since the World War.

Big U. S. Plane Taking Aid To Chile's Quake Victims

30-Ton Army Ship Leaves Langley Field; To Reach Santiago Monday.

By the Associated Press. LANGLEY FIELD, Va., Feb. 4.—A 30-ton plane, the largest operated by the Army Air Corps, took off from here today to carry medical supplies to the earthquake stricken areas of Chile.

The plane, a B-15 bomber manned by a crew of 10, will go first to the Panama Canal Zone, thence to South America, reaching Santiago, capital of Chile, Monday.

The flight, in command of Maj. Caleb V. Haynes, was authorized for the three forms of assistance to the 1937-38 biennium.

President Roosevelt had received a request from national Red Cross headquarters to send supplies by plane.

ANTI-ITALIANS THROW EGGS

Demonstrate in Panama as Rome Envoy Goes to See President.

By the Associated Press. PANAMA CITY, Panama, Feb. 4.—Anti-Italian demonstrators threw rotten and fresh eggs today at the Italian Minister and an Admiral were on their way to pay their respects to President Dr. Juan D. Mostenes Arosemena. Police jailed two persons.

The incident occurred as the Minister, Italo Capanni, and the Admiral, Eduardo Somigli, accompanied by the Italian Sea and Naval Division on a world cruise, were en route to the palace.

U. S. Woman Ends Life in France. NICE, France, Feb. 4.—A woman described by police as Miss Leona Labord, 51 years old, of Portsmouth, O., was found dead yesterday in a villa she had taken at Saint Paul de Vence, near Nice. Police said she had hanged herself with a belt. Her papers asked that Edward G. Dachan of the Bank Building, Portsmouth, O., be notified in case of accident. She arrived in the Riviera Jan. 10 aboard the liner Aquitania and took the villa Jan. 25.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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RELIEF EXECUTIVE CRITICIZES FUND APPORTIONMENT

John K. Rowland, Security Secretary, City, Says Needed Distribution Is Unequal.

ANALYSIS HEARD BY 400 LEADERS

Old-Age Benefits Care of at Expense Direct Aid, Sp Points Out at Meeting

Total payments to old-age pensioners in St. Louis amount nearly 50 per cent more than payments to persons on direct relief, it was pointed out last night by John K. Rowland, secretary of the St. Louis Security Commission, at a meeting at Sheldon Memorial by the Social Planning Council of St. Louis and St. Louis City.

"We must have sounder distribution of public assistance funds we are going to alleviate suffering among those groups which the need is greatest," Rowland said in discussing the relief crisis.

Funds in 15 Cities. Analysis of annual expenditures in the 15 largest cities in the States, he said, showed the average apportionments were 3 per cent for direct relief, 3 per cent for old-age assistance, 3 per cent for aid to dependent children. In St. Louis, only 26 per cent was spent for direct relief, 3 per cent for old-age pensions and 3 per cent for aid to dependent children.

Furthermore, Rowland added, number of direct relief cases in St. Louis was smaller than in all the 15 cities on a basis of population. In other cities of comparable size, he said, the number on relief was 100 to 300 per cent higher amount of relief for each case, "as low as in St. Louis, he pointed out."

Likewise, significant, Rowland said, was the fact that the number of cases on direct relief was considerably larger in the other cities.

The cost of providing direct relief to 7059 cases in St. Louis, February will be \$173,000, Rowland estimated. Only \$140,000 is available. Applications of 1700 are pending.

Funds From Sales Tax. Emphasizing disproportion of distribution of State funds from the 2 per cent sales tax, Rowland said that the little more than half of which to pay the State's share of the old-age assistance, aid to dependent children and direct relief, and cited figures of the St. Louis office for January.

They showed \$145 aged individuals received \$173,000, or an average of \$120 per case. In other cities of comparable size, he said, the number on relief was 100 to 300 per cent higher amount of relief for each case, "as low as in St. Louis, he pointed out."

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight democracy of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Mayor Kinyon Replies to a Criticism.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

NOTED with interest a letter, appearing recently in the Post-Dispatch, relative to the experience of a purported "Kirkwood Citizen," complaining of poor light service and excessive rates, with the further conclusion that "politicians and electricity don't mix."

It is not my intention to enter into the merits of the procedure of the Union Electric Light & Power Co. in its present difficulty in the City of St. Charles. Quite frankly, our relationships with the Union Electric Light & Power Co., from which our city buys electric current at wholesale rates, have been pleasant and agreeable. However, I do propose to lay before the public certain facts relative to the operation of the electric system of the City of Kirkwood. The facts, I believe, are self-explanatory and open to the public for inspection.

First, light rates charged in the City of Kirkwood are exactly comparable to the light rates charged for residence service by the Union Electric Light & Power Co. This city, since 1930, has met every rate reduction established by Union Electric, and has made a net reduction in the last nine years of approximately 39 per cent in net rates charged for city service.

The same situation applies as to our wholly owned municipal water plant, wherein rates have been reduced in the last nine years, a total of 37 per cent, during which period special summer rates have been given from time to time to encourage the wider use of water in maintenance of shrubs, trees and lawns.

During this same period, general taxes in the City of Kirkwood have been reduced 14 1/3 per cent. Having in mind the fact that these reductions have been consummated and are now in full force and effect, this city has, without any additional cost to the taxpayers, increased its capital account in its light and water plants by approximately \$183,982; two sewage disposal plants valued at \$22,847, and a sewer built by the city without additional cost to the taxpayers. The city has, in advance of its amortization schedule, funded approximately \$50,000 of its outstanding bonds by purchasing the same in the open market to save interest rates. At the present time, the city is constructing an auxiliary water standpipe of 500,000-gallon capacity, valued at \$45,000, the city's portion of the expense involved accruing from surplus funds available in the utility departments.

Despite the reduction in general taxes, the city is now engaged in completing a public sewer system, with the aid of Federal funds, which will ultimately be valued at \$1,250,000, the cost to the city being \$150,000 in public sewer bonds. These bonds are also being absorbed with reduced revenues at no additional expense to the taxpayers.

We are further engaged in the construction, improvement and renovation of our electric light and power distribution system through a bond issue of \$68,000, which has been supplemented by a Federal grant, making a total expenditure of \$123,000 for this purpose. These bonds are also being absorbed without any additional expense to the taxpayers.

Our light plant, besides competing on an even basis with the service of the Union Electric Light & Power Co., is also gratuitously giving to the public the entire street lighting of this city. Two modern, well-equipped fire departments are being maintained on surplus revenues accruing from the operation of our light and power system.

Again permit me to reiterate that this is not written in the spirit of criticism of any policy of the Union Electric Light & Power Co. The rates charged by Union Electric compare favorably with utility rates being charged in any area of comparable size in this country.

I voice these sentiments, in which I am joined by the City Council, simply to state that no excessive rates are being charged in our electric light distribution system, and for the further purpose of indicating that such diverse elements as "politicians and electricity" may be "mixed" to the advantage of the residents and taxpayers in a given area.

A. S. KINYON,
Mayor, City of Kirkwood.

Last Word on the Mayor's Bathroom.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

JAMES A. HOLLAND has done the citizens of St. Louis a great service by voluntarily inspecting the alleged \$20,000 bathroom in the Mayor's office. He found it to be the same as you would find in any modern home.

I was the author of this suggestion and thank him for his help in dissipating this rumor.

H. B. E.

A Voice From South Africa.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

THE Shape of Things to Come," depicting in Fitzpatrick's cartoon, showing the British lion in the form of a daschund, with a swastika tied to his tail) probably will come.

England cannot fight the world alone while the United States skulks in her corner of isolation and luxury.

Afterward, though, will come the United States' turn for this sausage-making process, because by then England and France will be Nazi, too. Then what show will there be for the luxury-loving American?

Well, a good New Year to you.
PETER S. FBGUR,
Durban, Union of South Africa.
Dec. 29, 1938.

WHO IS THE BLATHERSKITE?

There is a blatherskite on the Military Affairs Committee of the United States Senate.

That is a strong term, but it applies to any man who would misquote the President as saying that, in event of a world war, the frontiers of the United States would be in France.

Mr. Roosevelt denounces that statement as a "deliberate lie."

The implication of the statement, of course, is that the President, without consulting Congress or the country, has entered into a secret alliance with France, obligating the United States to come to her defense in case of war.

The man responsible for broadcasting this rumor has done an unpatriotic, contemptible thing. He has done something that might cause great damage to his country, as is already evident by the inflamed comment on the President's purported remark in the European press.

Mr. Roosevelt, at yesterday's press conference, said he felt it necessary to clarify the country's foreign policy because of a conspiracy between legislative and newspaper agitators who were deliberately misrepresenting existing facts.

It might be said, parenthetically, that there was an occasion when the President should have named names; he should have identified the legislative and newspaper agitators he had in mind.

It might be said also, parenthetically, that while the Post-Dispatch, as a matter of routine news reporting, printed the statement attributed to the President on the seemingly good authority of a United States Senator, it followed it immediately with this sentence:

Two other committeemen denied emphatically, however, that the President had said anything of this nature.

The names of the members of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, which conferred with the President last Tuesday, follow:

Morris Sheppard, Texas.
J. Hamilton Lewis, Illinois.
M. M. Logan, Kentucky.
Robert R. Reynolds, North Carolina.
Elbert D. Thomas, Utah.
Sherman Minton, Indiana.
Edwin C. Johnson, Colorado.
Josh Lee, Oklahoma.
H. H. Schwartz, Wyoming.
Ernest Lundeen, Minnesota.
Sheridan Downey, California.
Lister Hill, Alabama.
Bennett Clark, Missouri.
Warren R. Austin, Vermont.
Gerald P. Nye, South Dakota.
H. Styles Bridges, New Hampshire.
J. Chandler Gurney, South Dakota.
Rufus C. Holman, Oregon.

The man guilty of coming out of a White House conference, devoted to discussion of an extremely delicate situation, and spreading a falsehood throughout the world, should be identified and held up to public scorn.

Who is he?

The going must be pretty rough in a German concentration camp. Anyhow, Max Schmeling laughingly prefers to get in a ring again with Joe Louis.

A SICK CRY IGNORED.

As far as the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is concerned, the unattended or under-nursed patients at City Hospital will have to make the best shift they can. The city can do nothing for them until the new fiscal year begins, three months hence. The patients will, as the report of the Municipal Nurses' Board and the visiting staff of the hospital said, continue to be needlessly exposed to pneumonia, cross-infection and bed sores, and lack of care for some may be the difference between recovery and relapse.

This, by any humane standard, was one thing for which funds in some way should have been found. Resources for some of these essential services would be available if the city administration would shear off the deadwood with which machine politics has loaded down the payroll.

A friendly warning to the Emperor, Der Fuehrer and Il Duce: Don't under-estimate Senator Norris—one man boycott. Many a Goliath has been kayoed by Nebraska's David.

A TARHEEL HUEY LONG.

Senator Robert Reynolds, the Tarheel statesman with sophisticated tastes that contrast strangely with the fire-eating fundamentalism he professes among his North Carolina constituency, has leaped into the saddle once more to fight "the alien menace." As he sees things, Utopia can be had by launching a wholesale roundup of aliens and stopping immigration for 10 years. He declared this week that, at the behest of powerful secret backers, he was forming an organization to be known as the "Vindicators," which will solve the nation's problems by a concentrated fight "on all isms." Predicting an eventual membership of 5,000,000, he said a national convention would be held in St. Louis this June.

The trumpeting of this defender of "the plain people who make up the backbone of the nation" are minimized by the Commissioner of Immigration, who reported a few days ago that less than half the 1938 quota of 153,774 immigrants entered the United States. Each one had means of support or affidavits from citizens pledging that he would not become a public charge. Each was carefully examined on his views of government.

Senator Reynolds' proposal recalls his only major accomplishment in seven years as a Senator—filibustering to death a bill that would have humanized the deportation laws. Aside from the vigor of his gestures and the volume of his voice, Reynolds is known as a joiner of various and sundry organizations, a junketeer, the most startling dresser in Congress, a \$1000 indorser of cigarettes and an anti-performer for the news reel camera. With this

background and personality, plus his national "Vindicators" campaign, he looms as a candidate for the late Huey Long's shoes.

INTO THE INSURANCE JUNGLE.

An exploring party is about to be sent forth by the Temporary National Economic Committee (the so-called Monopoly Committee) into a vast and virtually unknown jungle, the life insurance business. The SEC will hew the trail in this phase of the committee's inquiry. It is expected to cast light upon an important subject which has never before been investigated by a Federal agency.

Life insurance is the biggest of all American business giants. Policies now in force total 110 billion dollars, or nearly three times the national debt. Assets are about 27 billion dollars, invested in nearly every business field, including railroads, utilities, city real estate and farm lands. One company alone is said to have \$1,000,000 a day to invest.

Obviously, control of such huge amounts may have a profound effect upon the capital markets and upon the country's business. Almost every citizen has a stake in the insurance field, either through policies or through the industry's investments.

The Federal Government has little or no control over insurance firms; their regulation is left almost wholly to state commissions. Whether this is a wise method may be determined by the coming inquiry. But of chief importance is the fact that so little is known by the public about the intricate finances of the companies. It has been 33 years since Charles Evans Hughes became nationally known with his inquiry for New York State into 17 insurance concerns. His committee drew up far-reaching recommendations, yet few of these have ever been carried out.

For one thing, the Hughes report said: "The business has grown beyond reasonable limits. . . . Their (the companies') magnitude, if permitted to grow unrestricted, will soon become a menace to the community." In the intervening years, the companies have increased enormously in size. If their hugeness was viewed with concern in 1906, surely there should be a new examination now.

Mr. Hughes proposed to limit unsound growth by imposing a maximum of \$150,000,000 for new insurance written annually. Yet in 1929 alone, the four major companies wrote seven billion dollars' worth of policies. What is the significance of this great expansion to the country today?

There are many other matters in the trackless insurance "jungle" on which facts are needed. Is insurance company landlordism, now rapidly on the increase, beneficial or detrimental? How accurate are investment ratings? Are premiums just or excessive? The public is vitally concerned on every point. Yet there should be no cause for alarm among policyholders, for, according to Senator O'Mahoney, chairman of the committee, "The assets are such as to indicate that policies are very well based." What is needed is public enlightenment and data for legislation leading to possible improvement in insurance methods.

DUNLAVY WANTS HIS JOB BACK.

John W. (Pat) Dunlavy, snatched by the mumbo-jumbo of the law from a two-year term in the State penitentiary, turned up at the Mayor's office to get his old job back just after Franklin Miller got through dropping his case. At the time he was caught cheating at the polls, he held a \$250-a-month job as head of the City Drivers' License Bureau. In decency, the Mayor fired him.

Regardless of what the courts or the Circuit Attorney have done about this case, Dunlavy is as guilty of vote fraud as a man can be. It will be interesting to see if the Mayor puts this election crook back on the city payroll.

"REPUGNANT TO JUSTICE."

It is repugnant to our sense of the proper administration of justice that judges should be permitted to engage in business during their term of office. This principle permits of no doubt and should be applied throughout the State.

This quotation from a statement made by President Roosevelt in 1931, when he was Governor of New York, is no less applicable to the Federal than to the State judiciary. Assuming that the President's sentiments are the same as they were eight years ago, he may be expected to throw his full support behind the movement for an act to require Federal judges to divest themselves of business interests which might interfere with the even-handed administration of justice.

President Roosevelt has ordered Attorney-General Frank Murphy not only to make a thorough investigation of the extra-judicial activities of Senior Judge Martin T. Manton of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals but also to probe other reported efforts to influence the Federal judiciary.

The President's purpose, we trust, is to obtain data for use in erecting safeguards against the recurrence of such shocking revelations as led to Judge Manton's resignation from a Federal circuit which has been, and still is, ornamented by some of the foremost jurists the country has produced.

If the President and Congress evolve a formula to protect United States judges from outside influences, they will not only be doing an outstanding service for the Federal judiciary but will also be establishing a model which could be adapted to the requirements of the various state benches.

Having obtained his own liberty, Tom Mooney wants to give Mrs. Mooney her freedom. Every inch a gallant.

A BLOW TO PROSECUTOR GRAVES.

The Missouri Supreme Court has denied the application of Prosecuting Attorney W. W. Graves for a writ of prohibition against the Kansas City grand jury impeached by Judge Southern. The decision clears the way for the grand jury to resume the investigation that Graves tied up last Monday. Judge Southern, in his reply to Graves' application, said that Graves' intent evidently was to keep the grand jury from functioning until expiration of its term on March 13, thereby frustrating the inquiry into Kansas City crime. Judge Southern and the grand jury now have five weeks, and that should be sufficient for them to lend further proof—if it is needed—to Gov. Stark's declaration that Graves' "continuous failure to prosecute ghastly felonies justifies his immediate removal from office."

About the creature that stole that old man's life savings: Just what could be done with him if there wasn't a hell?



NO PLACE FOR POLITICAL SHYSTERS.

Pro and Con the French Plane Deal

Awkward for Republicans

From the Meriden (Conn.) Journal.

WHAT'S ALL THE FUSS ABOUT?

From the Baltimore Evening Sun.

IN VIEW of the fact that almost everybody has been getting American planes, including the Russians and the Italians, it is difficult to understand the uproar in Washington over the news that France is trying to catch up in her armaments by buying planes from American manufacturers.

After all, France has not offended up to now by bombing undefended towns. She is not even a participant in an undeclared war. What she is doing is to try to make up for the deficiencies in her own bureaucracy by importing military planes in order to pack a little more weight when next Hitler demands something. Why that should excite demands for investigation in Washington it is difficult to imagine.

French purchase of planes can hardly come under the neutrality law, and it can hardly be considered a menace to American safety, inasmuch as a considerable plurality of Americans wish France well in any argument with the totalitarianists. Then what is all the fuss about?

URGES APPROVAL BY CONGRESS.

From the Detroit News.

THE disclosure of aid to French air armament preparations is disturbing. It is no less so because public sympathy undoubtedly sides with the European democracies in their difficulties with the so-called totalitarian powers.

As a practical matter, as well as by the letter of the Constitution, the management of our relations with foreign countries must be left in general to the President. It is no less practical and no less constitutional, however, to insist that any move in foreign relations smacking even faintly of alliance with any side in a foreign quarrel shall be made only with the approval of the people's representatives in Congress.

VIEWED AS A LUCKY DEAL.

From the Pittsburgh Press.

AS LONG as our own basic interests are not overlooked in the French plane deal—and Congress is perfectly right in seeing to that—then we would be foolish indeed to object. In terms of national defense, one plane delivered to England or France to-day would be worth 10 times that many delivered to Kelly Field six months from now. There is nothing either in law or morality against such sales. The Johnson law bars credit, but as long as Britain and France can pay cash on the barrel-head they are as free to buy planes—subject to certain safeguards—as they are cotton, wheat, automobiles or radio sets.

We are incredibly lucky to make such a deal. What is happening is that France and Britain are paying us in gold for the privilege of strengthening one of the most important and most threatened outposts of our own national defense.

"PRESIDENT GOES TOO FAR."

From the Milwaukee Journal.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT makes the astounding revelation that in encouraging sale of American-made planes to France he is adopting a foreign policy of "aiding the democracies." That is, he is choosing in advance the side the United States would take if war comes in Europe. This policy, if adopted in wartime, would mean the United States had become an ally. And this without consulting Congress, which alone has the power to declare war and, therefore, to decide whether the United States shall remain neutral or take sides. The astounding thing is that President Roosevelt seems not to realize that he ut-

terly exceeds his authority by committing the United States without its knowledge or approval. It is reported that he said it was within his authority as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy. But the authority he assumes is to conclude foreign alliances. The thing he does would, if done in wartime, give a clear case of war to any enemy of France. It would be what Britain and France did during our Civil war in giving aid to the Confederate states.

CALL FOR A REALISTIC VIEW.

From the Chicago Daily Times.

THE sound and fury over President Roosevelt's encouragement of France and other democracies to buy airplanes and military equipment in this country bears the earmarks of either partisan politics or an unrealistic approach to our foreign relations.

Calling such an arrangement, or even the swapping of some military secrets, a "military alliance" is a gross exaggeration of the term. Unless we agree to supply either the weapons of war, or manpower, at our own expense in support of some other nation, there's no military alliance involved.

It is about time we took a realistic attitude toward the world situation. Pious hopes and disclaimers of any desire to become embroiled in affairs abroad are going to do no good in protecting our interests. Only positive action can do that.

When we grant the democracies the right to use our industrial resources freely, we are not inviting trouble. We are taking a long step toward avoiding it. Rome and Berlin may rage, but that is because they know that in such an arrangement lies defeat of their present plans.

FEARS DRIFT TO WAR.

From the Buffalo Evening News.

THE attitude of the administration indicates clearly that the foreign policy of the President and his advisers is at variance with the policy of neutrality to which this country is committed and which unquestionably has the support of public opinion in the United States.

The administration has gone out of its way to enable France to obtain American planes, at a time when there is grave danger of war between France and Italy. President Roosevelt seems determined that this country shall take sides in any and all disputes between other countries. The people of the United States do not want war. They want this country to remain neutral, to avoid setting itself up as the arbiter of disputes between other nations, to treat aggressor nations and their victims with equal impartiality. But the administration has other ideas. Slowly but steadily it is pushing the United States into a position where it must take sides in the event of war.

PROOF IS UP TO CRITICS.

From the Philadelphia Enquirer.

THERE is an overwhelming sentiment in this country against even the appearance of military commitments with other nations. There is no evidence that Mr. Roosevelt has sought to do more than to stimulate employment in our airplane factories and put them in shape to handle demands by our own army and navy when the defense program gets under way. France can receive no credits from our Government, since she has defaulted on her war debts. But this would be a cash transaction with private parties.

Mr. Roosevelt's belief that sale of American airplanes to France would be to our interest puts the burden of proof on those who may think otherwise.

SALUTE TO RAT, MO.

From the Kansas City Journal.

THE Baltimore Sun snickers at Missouri for having a town named Rat. Sure enough, we have. It is in the northeastern corner of Shannon County, which is in the second tier from the Arkansas line. It is not on a railroad. Its population is given as 45. More than likely it consists of a general store, a filling station, a school, a church and a cemetery. It may be assumed that life runs smoothly there.

Rat has the distinction of having a party of its very own. It has not had to go below, as have Lexington, Paris and Versailles. And what of Kansas City? Here we are, in Missouri, bearing the name of a State which only on rare occasions votes as we do.

A salute to Rat, Mo. and out with the reformers who would dilute its individuality by changing its name to Ratoria or Roderatia Gardens.

MARY UP TO DATE.

From the New York World-Telegram.

THE point of this story from Des Moines is, that Mary didn't have a little lamb—in fact, had never seen one. So a teacher in one of the city's public schools sent to the country and borrowed a lamb in order that Mary and the other third-grade pupils might get acquainted with the real thing as part of their study of sheep and wool.

Times have changed. But it is nice to know that it still made those Des Moines children laugh and play to see a lamb in school, even though it was not against the rule and even though the teacher brought him in instead of turning him out.

ON THE

By DO

A "Secret"

GATHER from reading the comments of men of both parties—a few exceptions, of course—the airplane question boils down to whether we shall just let France or whether we shall sell them with enthusiasm. The main attack seems to be directed against procedure made fact. The President is accused of secrecy. The implication is that he has tried to put something over on the American public.

I do not think that this is a fair charge. A French mission to buy the United States has been in several months. The first of 100 Curtiss planes was put in a year ago and was described in the newspapers. It was on occasion a ripple, now the 500 planes placed some ago by Great Britain.

The more recent purchases of planes has a peculiar, but history. Ambassador Bullitt was here, to President of the condition of plane production in France emphasized the fact that country had been obliged to the Munich conditions made account of its inferiority in the The British testimony con-

Mr. Bullitt, apparently to President of the great desire French Government to supply its production by purchasing here in greater quantity than done until now.

The President accepted this point and realized the great of the situation. To minimize the same and gain time the French was authorized by the President, after consulting his to visit construction plants. financial arrangements were conducted without the usual mediaries of bankers and la-

Some time before Ambassador Bullitt left for Europe, it was a question of President Roosevelt use the occasion of these sales for making another declaration on foreign policy.

He was constrained from against his own judgment, but he was advised, I understand by Bullitt, that a statement create an uproar, and that the thing to do was to treat the deal in the same way that British deal had been handled a matter of routine.

Unfortunately, the accident Douglas bomber in Los Angeles which a representative of French Air Ministry was precipitated the whole discussion.

Whether any rule was violated in this case or not is impossible to say. But the fact that this sale has been given only in the press secret meetings of the Senate Affairs Committee, where technical matter was discussed week.

From what the papers report seems to have developed between the Army and Navy Departments because the French put in the hands of the authorities, who showed planes which might be eventually by the army.

There is no reason to believe anything irregular has been beyond a certain amount of giving.

There is no evidence that French will be given any special treatment in the matter of payment.

Paul Reynaud, the French Minister of War, announced a day ago that France now has sufficient gold on hand to buy 15,000 planes abroad.

There is no secret agreement between the United States and France.

It is clear, however, that a question of American policy involved, and what that policy cannot be a secret unless one believes that the President's speeches are just so much trash.

On Jan. 5, in his message to Congress, he stated his point of view as clearly as it could be stated. Also, for the second time in the last few days, the President has stated at press conference that a French aircraft deal is at the disposal of France.

The President's conviction is the world is in a state of war and continuing crisis and what the United States, as most powerful economic unit

JOHN WEISERT ESTATE VALUED AT \$474,000 IN INVENTORY

Will of Tobacco Firm Head Up Trust With Income to Five Children

The estate of John Weisert, head of the Weisert Tobacco Co. who died Oct. 25, was valued at \$474,133 in an inventory filed in state court yesterday. Assets consisted of six parcels of realty, an assessed valuation of \$20,000; a corporation stock \$80,000; bonds, \$5125; miscellaneous \$24,360; and cash amounting \$2214.

The realty includes property in the southeast corner of Grand and Winnebago street valued at \$34,000, which is under lease to Sears, Roebuck & Co.; the southwest and north corners of Grand and Winnebago street; the northeast corner of the same intersection and property on Rutger street.

In his will Mr. Weisert, who was 63 years old and resided at Longfellow boulevard, bequeathed \$2000 to each of his grandchildren. He left the balance of his estate

STOCKS, BONDS, COMMODITY AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend

TREND OF STOCK PRICES
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Associated Press daily wholesale price index of 35 basic commodities.

Day	Index
Monday	66.25
Tuesday	66.27
Wednesday	66.29
Thursday	66.30
Friday	66.31
Saturday	66.32

RANGE OF RECENT YEARS
(1925 average equals 100.)

Year	Index
1925	67.39
1926	74.37
1927	85.14
1928	89.22
1929	86.18
1930	63.86
1931	73.85
1932	41.44

STEELS POINT THE WAY FOR THE COMEBACK, WITH UTILITIES, RAILS, MOTORS, AIRCRAFTS AND SPECIALTIES NOT FAR BEHIND.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The rallying urge returned to the stock market today and leading steels, utilities, rails, motors, aircrafts, copiers and specialties were bid up fractions to more than 2 points.

The revival was accompanied by much brokered dealings that have been witnessed recently, with the turnover for the two hours totaling 486,160 shares. Profit taking near the close cut down top marks in most cases.

Stimulating the recovery push, it was said, was the fact selling yesterday dried up to almost nothing. While Wall Street was none too pleased with the current Washington row over international policies, the feeling was general that these would be clarified soon with beneficial results on both sides of the Atlantic.

Much of Friday's speculative hesitancy attributed to fears that Mussolini might say in a speech scheduled for today, seemed to have abated as doubts arose as to whether Il Duce would speak at all, and even if he does, it was suggested he might take a conciliatory cue from Hitler.

News of the day.

Steels were aided by predictions next week's mill operating rate would at least maintain the output percentage registered this week. Expectations of a step-up in orders for steel products late this quarter also provided some buying inspiration for this group.

Aircrafts were aided by word from London that the British Air Ministry would purchase 250 warplanes in the United States in addition to 400 already ordered.

Prominent shares on the rise included U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, General Motors, Chrysler, United Aircraft, Sperry, U. S. Rubber, Goodyear, Sears Roebuck, North American Public Service of New Jersey, Anaconda, Westinghouse, General Electric, du Pont, Santa Fe and Chesapeake & Ohio.

Days' 15 Most Active Stocks

Sales, closing, price and net change of the 15 most active stocks:

Stock	Price	Change
Colorado Gas & Electric	19.80	1/4
North American Aviation	12.00	1/4
Consolidated Edison	17.00	3/4
North American	8.00	1/4
U. S. Steel	8.00	1/4
Chrysler	8.00	1/4
General Motors	8.00	1/4
United Aircraft	8.00	1/4
Sperry	8.00	1/4
Sears Roebuck	8.00	1/4
North American Public Service	8.00	1/4
Anaconda	8.00	1/4
Westinghouse	8.00	1/4
General Electric	8.00	1/4
du Pont	8.00	1/4
Santa Fe	8.00	1/4
Chesapeake & Ohio	8.00	1/4

ST. LOUIS STOCKS

The St. Louis National Stock Exchange, Feb. 4.—A little activity in Dr. Pepper which sold higher featured a narrow, well-chosen session. Rice-Six was unchanged.

Stock sales amounted to 456 shares, compared with 1048 yesterday. Bond sales were \$2000, compared with \$18,000 yesterday.

Following is a complete list of securities traded in, giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net changes:

Stock	High	Low	Close	Change
Adams E. 30c	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Alcoa 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Aluminum 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Can. 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Express 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Ice 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Lumber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Oil 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Paper 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Rubber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Steel 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Sugar 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. T. & E. 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Tobacco 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Trust 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Water 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Wire 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Zinc 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Glass 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Cement 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Brick 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Lumber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Paper 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Rubber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Steel 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Sugar 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. T. & E. 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Tobacco 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Trust 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Water 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Wire 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Zinc 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Glass 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Cement 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Brick 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2

BOND PRICES

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Government bonds based on today's closing prices:

Bond	Price
U. S. 3% 1942	100.00
U. S. 3% 1943	100.00
U. S. 3% 1944	100.00
U. S. 3% 1945	100.00
U. S. 3% 1946	100.00
U. S. 3% 1947	100.00
U. S. 3% 1948	100.00
U. S. 3% 1949	100.00
U. S. 3% 1950	100.00
U. S. 3% 1951	100.00
U. S. 3% 1952	100.00
U. S. 3% 1953	100.00
U. S. 3% 1954	100.00
U. S. 3% 1955	100.00
U. S. 3% 1956	100.00
U. S. 3% 1957	100.00
U. S. 3% 1958	100.00
U. S. 3% 1959	100.00
U. S. 3% 1960	100.00
U. S. 3% 1961	100.00
U. S. 3% 1962	100.00
U. S. 3% 1963	100.00
U. S. 3% 1964	100.00
U. S. 3% 1965	100.00
U. S. 3% 1966	100.00
U. S. 3% 1967	100.00
U. S. 3% 1968	100.00
U. S. 3% 1969	100.00
U. S. 3% 1970	100.00
U. S. 3% 1971	100.00
U. S. 3% 1972	100.00
U. S. 3% 1973	100.00
U. S. 3% 1974	100.00
U. S. 3% 1975	100.00
U. S. 3% 1976	100.00
U. S. 3% 1977	100.00
U. S. 3% 1978	100.00
U. S. 3% 1979	100.00
U. S. 3% 1980	100.00
U. S. 3% 1981	100.00
U. S. 3% 1982	100.00
U. S. 3% 1983	100.00
U. S. 3% 1984	100.00
U. S. 3% 1985	100.00
U. S. 3% 1986	100.00
U. S. 3% 1987	100.00
U. S. 3% 1988	100.00
U. S. 3% 1989	100.00
U. S. 3% 1990	100.00
U. S. 3% 1991	100.00
U. S. 3% 1992	100.00
U. S. 3% 1993	100.00
U. S. 3% 1994	100.00
U. S. 3% 1995	100.00
U. S. 3% 1996	100.00
U. S. 3% 1997	100.00
U. S. 3% 1998	100.00
U. S. 3% 1999	100.00
U. S. 3% 2000	100.00
U. S. 3% 2001	100.00
U. S. 3% 2002	100.00
U. S. 3% 2003	100.00
U. S. 3% 2004	100.00
U. S. 3% 2005	100.00
U. S. 3% 2006	100.00
U. S. 3% 2007	100.00
U. S. 3% 2008	100.00
U. S. 3% 2009	100.00
U. S. 3% 2010	100.00
U. S. 3% 2011	100.00
U. S. 3% 2012	100.00
U. S. 3% 2013	100.00
U. S. 3% 2014	100.00
U. S. 3% 2015	100.00
U. S. 3% 2016	100.00
U. S. 3% 2017	100.00
U. S. 3% 2018	100.00
U. S. 3% 2019	100.00
U. S. 3% 2020	100.00
U. S. 3% 2021	100.00
U. S. 3% 2022	100.00
U. S. 3% 2023	100.00
U. S. 3% 2024	100.00
U. S. 3% 2025	100.00
U. S. 3% 2026	100.00
U. S. 3% 2027	100.00
U. S. 3% 2028	100.00
U. S. 3% 2029	100.00
U. S. 3% 2030	100.00
U. S. 3% 2031	100.00
U. S. 3% 2032	100.00
U. S. 3% 2033	100.00
U. S. 3% 2034	100.00
U. S. 3% 2035	100.00
U. S. 3% 2036	100.00
U. S. 3% 2037	100.00
U. S. 3% 2038	100.00
U. S. 3% 2039	100.00
U. S. 3% 2040	100.00
U. S. 3% 2041	100.00
U. S. 3% 2042	100.00
U. S. 3% 2043	100.00
U. S. 3% 2044	100.00
U. S. 3% 2045	100.00
U. S. 3% 2046	100.00
U. S. 3% 2047	100.00
U. S. 3% 2048	100.00
U. S. 3% 2049	100.00
U. S. 3% 2050	100.00
U. S. 3% 2051	100.00
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U. S. 3% 2057	100.00
U. S. 3% 2058	100.00
U. S. 3% 2059	100.00
U. S. 3% 2060	100.00
U. S. 3% 2061	100.00
U. S. 3% 2062	100.00
U. S. 3% 2063	100.00
U. S. 3% 2064	100.00
U. S. 3% 2065	100.00
U. S. 3% 2066	100.00
U. S. 3% 2067	100.00
U. S. 3% 2068	100.00
U. S. 3% 2069	100.00
U. S. 3% 2070	100.00
U. S. 3% 2071	100.00
U. S. 3% 2072	100.00
U. S. 3% 2073	100.00
U. S. 3% 2074	100.00
U. S. 3% 2075	100.00
U. S. 3% 2076	100.00
U. S. 3% 2077	100.00
U. S. 3% 2078	100.00
U. S. 3% 2079	100.00
U. S. 3% 2080	100.00
U. S. 3% 2081	100.00
U. S. 3% 2082	100.00
U. S. 3% 2083	100.00
U. S. 3% 2084	100.00
U. S. 3% 2085	100.00
U. S. 3% 2086	100.00
U. S. 3% 2087	100.00
U. S. 3% 2088	100.00
U. S. 3% 2089	100.00
U. S. 3% 2090	100.00
U. S. 3% 2091	100.00
U. S. 3% 2092	100.00
U. S. 3% 2093	100.00
U. S. 3% 2094	100.00
U. S. 3% 2095	100.00
U. S. 3% 2096	100.00
U. S. 3% 2097	100.00
U. S. 3% 2098	100.00
U. S. 3% 2099	100.00
U. S. 3% 2100	100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS

The St. Louis National Stock Exchange, Feb. 4.—A little activity in Dr. Pepper which sold higher featured a narrow, well-chosen session. Rice-Six was unchanged.

Stock sales amounted to 456 shares, compared with 1048 yesterday. Bond sales were \$2000, compared with \$18,000 yesterday.

Following is a complete list of securities traded in, giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net changes:

Stock	High	Low	Close	Change
Adams E. 30c	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Alcoa 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Aluminum 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Can. 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Express 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Ice 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Lumber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Oil 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Paper 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Rubber 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Steel 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Sugar 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. T. & E. 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Tobacco 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Trust 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Water 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Wire 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Zinc 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Glass 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Cement 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2
Am. Brick 1/2	1.85	1.80	1.85	1/2

BONDS CONTINUE RISE

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Rail and public utility bonds continued to climb today, extending the market's recovery from its recent decline.

Corporate issues which had been most heavily sold in the January selling headed the forward March and some at one time scored gains ranging to a point or more. Buyers had bid to prices up to get orders filled to earlier holders.

Bond men suggested hopes for spring business improvement probably played a major role in the buying in the market, with the shift of corporate earnings power. At the same time investment circles continued to put more favorable construction on Washington developments in the rail and public utility fields.

Wall Street was more than hopeful of rail-said legislation at this session of Congress.

Among the more prominent issues in the advance were Allegheny 5s of 1950, stamped Great Northern 4s of 1948, Illinois Central 4s of 1948, Southern Railway 4s of 1948, and U. S. Treasury issues held in a narrow range, with some at one time off a shade from 6 1/2 to 6 3/4.

DAY'S CORPORATION NEWS

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4.—The preliminary income statement of the United Gas Improvement Co. for 1938 shows a net income before taxes of \$26,053, a decrease of \$4,425 from 1937. The statement said that the income does not include the company's pre-tax income of \$4,425, or 60 cents per share, which was distributed as dividends.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—Purity Baking Corporation reported consolidated net income for 1938 of \$1,170,962, equal to \$1.52 per common share, compared with \$1,466, or 60 cents per share, for 1937.

For the 12 weeks ended Dec. 31 net income was \$371,746, or 46 cents per share, compared with \$467,792, or 60 cents, the corresponding 1937 period.

Net sales in 1938 were 6 per cent below those of the previous year, attributable in part to closing of two plants in Philadelphia and Chicago.

New York Coffee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Coffee, spot, steady. Rio No. 7, 5 1/2; Santos No. 7, 5 1/2; Santos

SOLDAN

BASKETBALL SCORES

LOCAL.
Grinnell 41, Washington T. 30.
Drake 31, St. Louis 15.
Shurtleff 35, Quincy 35.
CITY HIGH SCHOOLS.
Cleveland 27, Haverd 19.
Holtan 23, Neumann 21.
Rosenwald 30, McKinley (overtime).
PREPARATORY LEAGUE.
Christian Brothers College 30, McBride 12.
South Side Catholic 19, Central Catholic 12.
FERGUSON TOURNEY.
Fureka 32, Fairview 19 (final).
Bayless 30, Ferguson 21 (consolation).
SUBURBAN.
Maplewood 17, Webster Groves 19.
Country Day 34, St. Charles 18.
University City 23, Missouri Military Academy 17.
SOUTHWESTERN ILLINOIS.
Collinsville 33, Alton 19.
Granite City 44, Madison 9.
Edwardsville 33, East St. Louis 17.
Belleville 16, Wood River 17.
GIRLS' MOUNT LEAGUE.
Grasslands 26, De Smet 11.
Flying Squadron 23, Sherman Girls 8.
HAWLEWOOD-COUNTY GIRLS.
Ferguson M. 25, 18, Richland 13.
Debs 28, Joppe 16.
EXHIBITIONS.
Phillips 17, Kansas Service 30.
Underdogs 44, Yonkers 24.
CATHOLIC LEAGUE.
Belleville Catholic 43, Champaign 36.
DOWNTOWN Y. M. C. A.
Jefferson College 51, Pittsco 43.
Bambler 19, St. Louis 19.
ARMY-NAVY LEAGUE.
Scott Field 27, Naval Reserve 27.
138th Infantry 54, 110th Air Corps 18.
ELSEWHERE.
West Virginia 27, Temple 34.
Villanova 40, Geneva 28.
La Salle 35, St. Joseph (Pa.) 31.
Lafayetteville 44, Lebanon 29.
Duquesne 34, Brooklyn 28.
Loyola (Chicago) 52, City College of New York 27.
Butler 38, De Paul 39.
Indiana 40, C. C. L. 44.
Notre Dame 38, Illinois 24.
Arkansas 40, Chicago 29.
Colorado 54, Utah State 41.
Denver 44, Utah 41.
Wyoming 38, Colorado State 26.
California 56, U. C. L. A. 44.
Washington 41, Oregon State 38.
Santa Clara 40, San Jose State 34.
Nevada 54, University of Washington 41, Oregon State 35.
Texas Tech 39, New Mexico 39.
New Mexico Mines 37, Colorado College 25.
Bethany 31, Ottawa 28.
St. Benedict 37, Rockhurst 33.
Warrensburg 21, Maryville 26.
Springfield Teachers 28, Cape Girardeau Teachers 20.
Southern Illinois State Teachers 43, Carthage (Ill.) College 38.
Culver School of Theology 22 (overtime).
Westminster 25, William Jewell 18.
Northern Illinois Teachers 51, Eastern Illinois Teachers 38.
Jefferson City Junior College 38, Westworth 19.
Graceland (Lambert) 50, Kemper 38.
Trenton 33, Hannibal La Grange 27.
St. Joseph 49, Concord 28.
Morton Junior College 40, Springfield (Ill.) Junior College 35.
McKendree College 43, Lincoln (Ill.) Junior College 35.
Kent 38, Cal 35.
Montana University 43, Montana State 37.
Parkville College 31, Missouri Valley 36.
Marquette 49, Buffalo 35.
Whitman 54, University of Mexico 36.
WILKES-BARRE PO LEAGUE.
Albion 40, Brooklyn Visitation 38.

CHARGES DROPPED AGAINST EX-CHIEF OF N. MEXICO WPA

Government Rests and Agrees to Dismissal of Case as to Fred G. Healy, One of 35 on Trial.

WITNESS QUOTES CHAVEZ'S SON-IN-LAW

Says He Threatened Zone Supervisor's Job if He Interfered With Political Collections.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 4.—The Government abruptly rested its case in the WPA mass conspiracy trial yesterday and agreed to the dismissal of charges against Fred G. Healy, former State WPA administrator and one of 35 defendants charged with plotting political activities.

The Government still had about 40 witnesses to call, but apparently decided to rest after the Court ruled out testimony from witnesses outside Albuquerque.

The Government's last witness, William S. Russell, a former WPA supervisor, testified regarding a conversation with Stanley W. P. Miller, son-in-law of Senator Dennis Chavez and former Assistant United States District Attorney.

Russell testified one of the defendants, Lot Gonzalez, said they were forming a little political organization to help Senator Chavez.

"He said the WPA organization was Senator Chavez' only help in Albuquerque, and asked if I would aid with contributions," Russell told the jury. He asked for a receipt and was refused, he added.

Thinking it over, Russell testified, he decided to see Miller, charged by the Government with being the directing force in the purported WPA-political organization.

"I went to his home," Russell said, "on the information that Miller had a list of names and that my name was at the top with a question mark on politics. I knew Miller was going to Washington the next day, and I thought I had better see him or I wouldn't have a job."

"I told Miller I had no objection to contributing, if I knew the money was going to the Democratic organization rather than politicians."

At his conference with Miller, Russell said, he asked him what E. A. Rose, then WPA zone supervisor, "thought about soliciting funds from WPA workers."

"Miller said," related the witness, "he didn't care what Rose thought, because if he interfered he would get his job, too."

HARRIMAN IS AGAIN NAMED PRESIDENT OF GRAND CIRCUIT BODY

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The stewards of the Grand Circuit re-elected E. Roland Harriman of New York as president of the organization and tentatively listed dates for major harness racing meetings throughout the country at their annual meeting yesterday.

The schedule remains to be filled and contracts for other meetings signed before the 1939 program can be completed.

In addition to Harriman vice-presidents were named as follows: Paul Bowser, Boston; N. X., at Cane, Hackensack; W. J. and Charles W. Phillips, Greenwich, Conn. Will Gahagan of Goshen, N. Y., was again named secretary-treasurer.

The circuit also adopted the trotting club starting rules, which were used in 1938, with the additional provision that members may try out any new systems which may be developed.

The meetings scheduled for 1939 begin with the week of July 8 at Historic Track, Goshen, N. Y., although the stewards said they expected to arrange meetings for the last two weeks in June. The schedule calls for racing at New England tracks during the entire month of July but arrangements have not yet been completed for the first meetings.

Thereafter the schedule is: Week of Aug. 7, Good Time Track, Goshen; Aug. 14, Springfield, Ill.; Aug. 21, Milwaukee, Wis. (to be confirmed); Aug. 28, Syracuse, N. Y.; Sept. 4, Indianapolis, Ind.; Sept. 11, Reading, Pa.; Sept. 18-20, North Randall, O.; Sept. 23-30, Lexington, Ky.; Oct. 3, Toledo, O.

LA FOLLETTE URGES WAR REFERENDUM AMENDMENT

Would Bar U. S. Entering Conflict, Except in Case of Invasion, Unless People Approve.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 4.—Senator Robert M. La Follette (Prog.), Wisconsin, called last night for an amendment to the Federal Constitution to require a public referendum on participation by the United States in "any war except in case of an invasion of this country, its possessions, or this hemisphere."

In an address at Trenton State Teachers' College the son of the late Senator Robert M. La Follette Sr., who opposed this nation's entrance into the World War said foreign war would mean "the end of both democracy and our economic system."

"Therefore, it seems to me that those people interested in the preservation of our institutions and our civil liberties should... obtain the final voice."

"A war cannot achieve its objective of making the world safe for democracy if it is fought on foreign soil, but it will bring about the destruction of democracy at home."

YOUTHS STEAL POLICE CAR, DRIVE IT UNTIL TANK IS DRY

Sullivan (Ill.) Boys Arrested After Leaving Motorist's Machine Near Shelbyville.

Two Sullivan (Ill.) youths were arrested on a highway near Shelbyville, Ill., early today, a few hours after they had stolen a new police automobile from in front of the police station at Monasanto. They drove the machine until it ran out of gasoline and were arrested by State highway policemen after they had walked a short distance.

Sheriff Fred Howse of Shelby County told a Post-Dispatch reporter the youths gave their names as Jack Bolin and Nelson Jeffries. He said they admitted stealing the automobile. Bolin is 19 years old and Jeffries 20.

Two highway police reported two shot guns, two tear gas weapons and some ammunition were missing from the automobile when it was recovered, but Sheriff Howse said that all the articles were found in the machine.

To Be Razed to Save Taxes



A PERMIT to wreck the building at 3401-03 Olive street, adjoining the Lindl cutoff, in order to make way for a large electric advertising sign, was issued by the city yesterday. The structure, thought to be more than 75 years old, has been used in recent years as a tire sales agency, soft drink distribution station and restaurant. It is owned by the Gunther-Flynn-Urban Real Estate Co.

RACKET KING'S WIDOW HEARD IN HINES TRIAL

Mrs. Flegenhimer Says She Often Saw Tammany Leader With Her Husband.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The 24-year-old widow of Arthur (Dutch Schultz) Flegenhimer, murdered gambling racket king, testified today at the second policy racket trial of James A. Hines that her husband introduced her to the Tammany district leader in November, 1932, at a Manhattan speakeasy frequented by Schultz.

Mrs. Flegenhimer, a former night club hat-check girl who said she married "The Dutchman" when she was 18, testified that after she was introduced to Hines, her husband and Hines went to the rear of the speakeasy for a talk. Thereafter, she said, she saw Hines and J. Richard (Dixie) Davis, the Schultz gang's lawyer, together on frequent occasions.

In Hines' first trial, Davis testified he was under orders from Schultz to pay Hines "any reasonable amount—not more than \$1000 a time," allegedly for serving as the gambling syndicate's political "fixer."

The witness testified that in 1934 she went to a night club with Davis and Hines and later accompanied them both to a restaurant for midnight supper.

Mrs. Flegenhimer did not testify in the first hearing, which ended in a mistrial. She was called after District Attorney Thomas E. Dewey had put on the stand a series of police witnesses who repeated their testimony at the first trial, designed to establish that Hines exerted his political influence to protect Schultz' \$200,000-a-year policy or "numbers game" racket.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIA SELLING SURPLUS ARMS TO GERMANY

Some Equipment Also Goes to Rumania—Berlin Promises \$2,000 Czechoslovak Employment.

PRAGUE, Feb. 4.—Czechoslovakia was disclosed yesterday to be selling off her unneeded arms, ammunition and other military equipment, mainly to Germany.

The total value of the armaments being sold was estimated at 2,000,000 crowns (about \$68,000,000). Germany is to buy up all heavy ordnance, anti-tank and anti-aircraft guns included in the sale. Several thousand purchasers were taken by Rumania.

Throwing her surplus arms on the market did not mean that Czechoslovakia was withdrawing from the manufacture of armaments. The Skoda Armament Works continue to turn out material, but was said to be less active than last year.

It is a public secret, but not officially admitted, that the bulk of arms manufactured in Czechoslovakia goes to Germany.

The welfare ministry announced Germany had agreed to give about 42,000 Czechoslovak employment in Germany.

CITY GETS RAT POISON SAMPLE

Enterprising Concern Wants to Sell St. Louis a Supply.

A sample of rat poison has been received by City Register Michael J. Cullinan, with a request that he deliver it to the Board of Aldermen. He has not decided whether to sell the sample.

The envelope said: "Safe to use anywhere; they leave the place to die."

An accompanying letter, from a Waterloo (Ia.) concern, assured the city that the poison was harmless only to rats and mice. The object was to sell a supply to the city for use against rodents, with an offer of wholesale prices.

M'KITTRICK PUTS AIDS IN CHARGE OF INQUIRY

Returns to Capital for Several Days—Ushers' Union Members Heard.

Attorney-General Roy McKittrick, who began an investigation of crime conditions in St. Louis last Monday, returned to Jefferson City temporarily yesterday, leaving the inquiry in charge of his first assistant, J. E. Taylor, and another assistant, Franklin E. Reagan. At his suite in the Mayfair Hotel it was said he might not return until the middle of next week.

Before departing he interviewed members of the union of theater ushers, who have said John P. Nick, indicted boss of the motion picture machine operators' union, has dominated the ushers' union since he took it over in December, 1934.

A group within the union sought recently to force an election of officers, but were informed by Clyde Weston, Nick's chief lieutenant, that the officers had been elected in May, 1937, for four years under an A. F. of L. ruling.

It is understood that the dissatisfied group is considering an appeal to the A. F. of L., similar to that made recently by a group in the operators' union. Officers of the ushers' union, all aids of Nick, are John (Dang-dang) Mooney, president; Henry Duncan, secretary; and C. O. Newlin, business agent.

Continuing the raids on hand-book shops, police arrested 18 clerks in 17 establishments yesterday, increasing the total to 190 arrests in 93 raids since the current series started last Saturday.

The clerks were booked on routine charges, suspected of vagrancy and gambling, and released under bonds totaling \$1200 each, signed by professional bondsmen. Those arrested and the places raided were:

Edward Clark, 3874 Easton avenue; Thomas Raftery, 3869 Garfield avenue; Joseph Walsh, 2808 North Sarah street; William Doyle, 2810 North Garfield street; Louis Cohen, 5903 Easton; Frank White, 120 North Seventh street; Charles Stiles, 708 Pine street; John Harkens, 15 North Seventh; Frank Freiz, 110 North Eighth street; Ernest Altenbach, 3808 California avenue; Gene Rogers, 2807 Cherokee street; Leo Covington and Frank Baker, 4507 Delmar boulevard; James Hill, 620 Hamilton avenue; Urban Kuelker, 708 North Twelfth boulevard; Bert Steffel, 1712 Franklin avenue; Sam Fitter, 1210 Franklin; Oliver Riss, 4065 Easton.

LEE BAKER AWARDED PLAQUE BY DOWNTOWN LIONS' CLUB

Londe Case Witness, Recovering From Murders Attack, Cited for Heroism.

Lee Baker, Negro, state's witness in the Izzy Londe bombing case, has been selected as the recipient of the 1939 plaque of the Downtown Lions' Club for meritorious service. He accepted yesterday an invitation to receive the plaque at a ceremony at Hotel Statler March 8.

The award will be made in recognition of his heroism in testifying after a murderous assault.

Baker, who has been given a job at Homer G. Phillips Hospital, expects to leave County Hospital in about 10 days. He has been a patient since the attempt on his life Nov. 18, in which he was shot twice by two assailants, who left him for dead in an abandoned clubhouse in the county. Last Monday he underwent an operation to prepare for the insertion of a glass eye, replacing an eye lost due to his wounds. Physicians said no other operation was planned.

Londe was convicted in the bombing case.

HICO CO. BANKRUPTCY PETITION

Liabilities Listed at \$23,941; Assets at \$18,056.

A voluntary petition for bankruptcy was filed in United States District Court yesterday by the Hico Food Products Co., 3850 South Main street, listing liabilities of \$23,941 and assets of \$18,056. It was signed by John Heichelbech, president.

Liabilities include unsecured claims totaling \$21,581. Among the creditors are stockholders, machinery, \$4380; and debts due on open accounts, \$4068.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

ACROSS

1. Soft inner portion of a stem.

4. Good.

14. Region.

15. Long stick.

16. War.

17. Interpreted.

19. Lead pieces for holding stained glass in place.

20. Finish.

21. Appearance.

22. Year.

24. Those having power.

25. Barren tract.

27. Piece whose shadow shows the hour on a sundial.

29. Tariat.

31. Angel.

32. Year.

33. Oblivion.

35. American Indian.

41. Former President's initials.

43. Donkey.

45. Historical.

47. Period.

48. City in Oklahoma.

50. Tree or shrub of the genus Ficus.

51. Pays out.

52. Roman goddess of the hearth.

56. Bar of contrasting color.

62. Old musical note.

65. Sin.

68. Historical.

69. Perpetual.

72. Fairy tale monster.

73. Great Lake.

74. Prince of Italy.

75. Family.

76. Untidy.

78. Insects.

DOWN

1. Measured by walking.

2. Aromatic principle of violet root.

3. Looks after.

4. Ows.

5. Small spars.

6. Rivalry.

7. Rubber tree.

8. Part of a fortification.

9. Get.

10. Southern constellation.

11. Named for a celestial object.

12. Arabian seaport.

13. Not so much.

14. New Zealand.

15. Kind of hedge laurel.

16. Attitudes.

17. Felt.

18. Sticky stuff; colloquy.

19. Mountain.

20. Comb form.

21. Minute office.

22. Perceive.

23. Particularly.

24. Mineral springs.

25. Assist.

26. Those who lay out with hope of return.

27. Title of a minstrel family.

28. Ringed planet.

29. Insect.

30. Salutation.

31. Kind of ape.

32. Stylized.

33. Colloquy.

34. Thoroughfare.

35. Elevate.

36. Flush with success.

37. Stories of success.

38. Period of sudden activity.

39. Prosperity.

40. Marginal.

41. Ireland.

42. Legal action.

43. Before.

44. Peak.

9 DROWN WHEN WIND UPSETS OYSTER BOATS

Sudden Squall Hits Cambridge, Md., Fleet—Three of Craft Turn Over.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., Feb. 4.—Chesapeake Bay patrol boats searched the waters of Choptank River today for bodies of nine men drowned when a sudden 50-mile-an-hour squall hit the Cambridge oyster fleet and capsized three of its small boats.

Capt. William H. Bradford, 73-year-old dean of oyster skippers, Capt. Theodore Woodland, Mate Emerson Wingate and six Negro helpers lost their lives when the storm struck the 20 homeward-bound boats.

Bradford, who had planned to retire after this season, was swept from his boat, the Agnes, along with four helpers. Woodland, Wingate and two helpers went down with the Annie Lee in 40 feet of water. Capt. Beverly North and three members of his crew on the Nora Lawson waded to safety when the wind blew their boat into shallow water.

George Wheatley, an engine tender on the Annie Lee, was swept into the water with the others, but managed to shed his heavy coat and boots and was saved when Capt. William Hubbard of the Geneva may tossed him a line at the height of the storm.

Wheatley said he tried to help "Capt. Bill" but the water was too rough and cold.

The storm struck the fleet without warning. Wheatley said, and none of the crews had time to get their sails down. Ivy McNamara, crew member of one boat, said he thought all would be capsized by the furious blasts of wind.

Fears for Capt. Joseph Ruark and his oyster boat crew, reported missing after the storm, proved groundless. Capt. Ruark had not sailed.

Germany Bars Comedians For Quips About Nazis

Minister Goebbels Forbids Jokes About Colonial Problem, Four-Year Plan and Labor Service.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Germany's funny men must mend their ways if they wish to continue on the stage.

Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels served notice to this effect yesterday with a declaration that Nazidom "will not be derided."

He expelled Werner Finck, popular actor, and four other cabaret artists from the Reich's Culture Chamber, which means they may no longer follow their profession in Nazi Germany.

Finck several times has been in hot water—and a concentration camp—for taking liberties with institutions and practices of the Nazi party which the Nazis regard as "sacred."

He had been throwing his audiences into gales of laughter with quips which ran thus:

Gazing long and intently at his wrist watch, he would look up suddenly and comment: "Well, I really was going to discuss our time—but I guess I had better not."

Or:

With a sudden impulse during his act he would raise his arm abruptly in what appeared to be a Nazi salute—only to adjust a picture on the wall.

On his return from a concentration camp: "You know it is funny. After I was released I walked around the camp and saw the walls, guards with their guns and the heavy gates. Everybody told me how hard it was to get in. But shucks, all I did was to speak one sentence."

The cabaret where Finck appeared regularly was a sell-out.

Goebbels explained in Voelkischer Beobachter, organ of Chancellor Hitler, that action was taken against the comedians because their "alleged humor is objectionable" in Nazi eyes.

"So-called jokes about the colonial problem, the four-year plan, the labor service and our building plan turn our stomachs," Goebbels wrote. "What do these fellows know about the mental strain and hard work involved in working out these plans?" he demanded.

Goebbels said that "in no European country does such true joy reign supreme as in the Third Reich," and added that as for the "desecrators of things that are holy to us" a turn at fortification work would do them good.

SHARP SKIRMISHING ON SIBERIAN BORDER

Japanese Report Series of Clashes With Soviet Cavalry Since Tuesday.

TOKYO, Feb. 4.—Communications indicated today that Soviet Russian and Manchoukuo cavalry had been engaging in a series of sharp skirmishes on the Siberian-Manchoukuo border since Tuesday.

Official statements made public by Domei, Japanese news agency, in a dispatch from Harbin, said the Soviet units had attacked five times on Tuesday at a point 60 miles northeast of Manchuli. The Manchoukuos were said to have beaten back the attacks, which, it was said, were resumed Thursday and Friday, all aimed at the same spot. Manchoukuo protested to Russia.

On Tuesday, Soviet Government Wednesday reported a new clash on the Siberian-Manchoukuo border after months of quiet. A Moscow communique said 18 Japanese and Manchoukuo soldiers attempted on Tuesday to take a Soviet island in the Argun River, which forms the northwestern boundary between Siberia and the Japanese protectorate, Manchoukuo. The communique added that six Soviet soldiers had forced the Japanese to retire carrying seven men killed or wounded.

Domei reported Feb. 2 from Hainking, capital of Manchoukuo, that a Manchoukuo garrison had killed five Russian soldiers and wounded three in a clash 60 miles northeast of Manchuli.

THREE GET WORKHOUSE TERMS ON DRUNKEN DRIVING CHARGES

Another Sentenced on Plea of Guilty of Leaving Scene of Accident.

Walter Goodwin, a salesman, 4956 Washington boulevard, pleaded guilty yesterday of leaving the scene of an accident Nov. 30 at Market street and Broadway and of driving while intoxicated, and was sentenced by Circuit Judge Robert L. Aronson to serve nine months in the Workhouse on each charge, the sentences to run concurrently.

Earl B. Barr, a hauler, 621A North Vandewater avenue, received concurrent sentences of 45 days each on his plea of guilty before Circuit Judge James E. McLaughlin of leaving the scene of an accident and driving while intoxicated. His automobile struck another at Grand boulevard and Market street Dec. 20.

Alexander Stevens, a Negro chauffeur, 4841 St. Ferdinand avenue was sentenced to concurrent eight-month terms on his plea of guilty before Judge McLaughlin of leaving the scene of an accident Jan. 14 at Fourteenth and O'Fallon streets and of driving while intoxicated. Several persons were injured in automobile which hit truck.

Richard A. Lewis, a laborer, 2634 Rutger street, pleaded guilty of felonious wounding and leaving the scene of an accident Jan. 14 at Papin street and Newstead avenue and was given concurrent sentences of 60 days by Judge McLaughlin.

MEXICO SENDING SHOW TO U. S.

Troupe to Give Picture of Their Country's Art.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 4.—The Mexican Government announced yesterday it would send a theatrical troupe on a tour of the United States, Europe and South America to give foreigners a true picture of Mexican art.

The show, to consist of folklore, dancing, songs and sketches, is scheduled to open March 27 in New York. Later it will appear on the Shubert circuit in other cities.

C. V. BOB CONVICTED AT HIS FOURTH TRIAL

Engineer Gets 7-Year Term for Swindle; Once Backed Byrd Expedition.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Charles V. Bob, mining engineer for whom Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd named an Antarctic mountain range because of his help in financing an expedition, was sentenced to seven years in prison for mail fraud yesterday.

He lost his fourth fight with the Government when a jury convicted him on five counts of mail fraud and one of conspiracy.

Convicted on the same charges, Tracy Rogers, vice-president of the Bankers' Service Corporation, was sentenced to a three-year term and William H. Wiseman, stock salesman, received a two-year sentence. The three were accused of swindling investors out of \$450,000 in 1933 and 1934 through the sale of mining securities.

All said they would appeal.

Bob was first tried in 1931 on a charge that he and others defrauded the public in the sale of stock of Metal & Mining Shares, Inc., and Minerals Research Corporation, which crashed in 1930 with losses of \$6,000,000 to 5000 investors. The trial ended in a jury disagreement as did a second in 1932 and a third in 1935.

MISSOURIAN RECEIVES PATENT ON PROCESS FOR PHOSPHATE

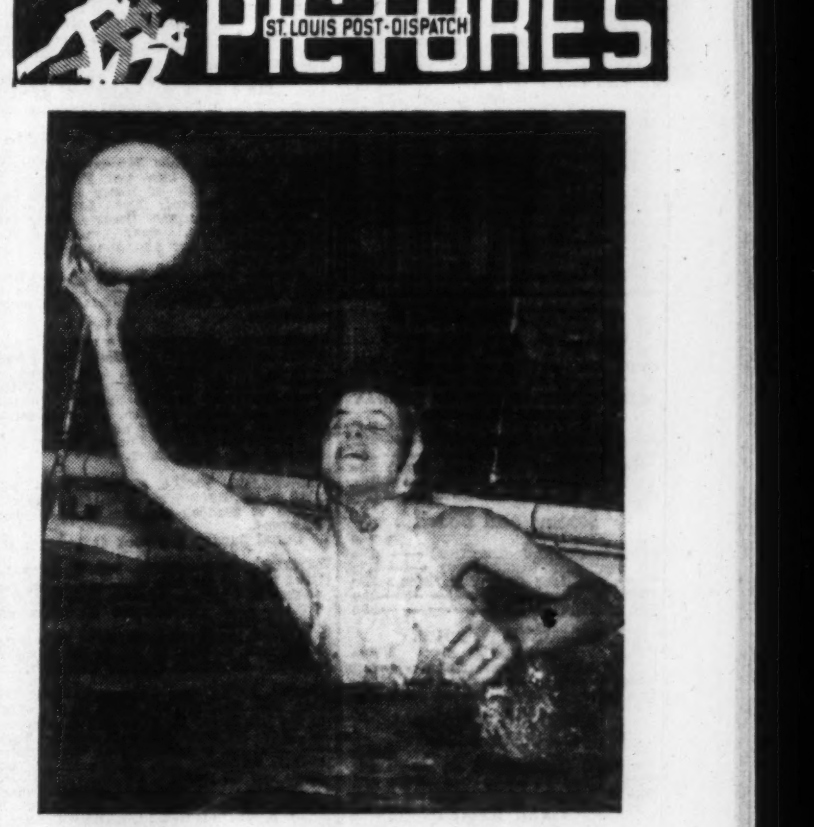
Dean of Engineering at University Gets Letters of Patent for Smelting Method.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 4.—Dr. Harry A. Curtis, dean of engineering at the University of Missouri, has been granted letters of patent on a new process for producing phosphorus. The process was discovered by Dr. Curtis and Raymond L. Copson of Sheffield, Ala., while they were employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority. The TVA consequently will own the patent.

Curtis said the patent covers an improvement in the method of smelting the rock in an electric furnace with coke and silica pebble, therefore decreasing cost of the process through lessening the amount of electric energy needed. The phosphate content in natural rock phosphate is not in a form available to growing plants and must be processed. The processing of the rock dates back nearly 100 years and constantly has been improved.

Becomes Father of Twins at 75. PARSONS, W. Va., Feb. 4.—Enderes Hartman, a 75-year-old farmer of Montrose, became the father of twin daughters yesterday, his seventeenth and eighteenth children. Each twin weighed six pounds.

Featured Tomorrow in PICTURES



WOMEN'S WATER POLO

Teams at St. Louis Y. W. C. A. engage in strenuous game in preparation for coming A. A. U. tournament.

ALSO THESE INTERESTING STORIES IN-PICTURE FORM:

The President's birthday ball at Washington... St. Louis butlers and maids held a ball... American army uniforms from the Revolutionary War to the latest model, shown in color... designs for small homes, suitable for St. Louis, that can be built at a small cost... how PICTURES is used in visual education training at a Vincennes, Indiana, school... and many others.

SEE THIS 20-PAGE ROTOGRAVE SECTION TOMORROW IN THE

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

THE EVERYDAY MAGAZINE

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in the ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PART THREE

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1939.

PAGES 1-6C

SATURDAY
FEBRUARY 4, 1939.

ANIMALS FOR SALE

Dogs and Cats For Sale
GOBERMAN PINCHER—Pure pedigree,
specially trained; \$150. PA. 5162.

BUILDING MATERIAL

For Sale
BUILDING MATERIAL—ALL KINDS
AALCO 13th and Chestnut, GA. 6658
2130 S. Locust, RE. 2100.
BRICK—Hard face, \$7.50 M; heavy tim-
ber. Wrecking, 2655 Locust, LA. 0190.
LUMBER—Used, 1" boards, 4' to 7', 2x4',
7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24,
26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44,
46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64,
66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84,
86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.
LUMBER—Used, all kinds, lengths, also
on. 421 N. 14th, GA. 9658.

CLOTHING WANTED

WE BUY, SELL Men's clothing,
suits, overcoats, hats, shoes,
type-writers, shotguns, rifles, auto calls,
Rich, 903 Market, Chestnut 6234.

HIGH CASH

paid for men's suits,
suits, overcoats, hats, shoes, and
ladies' clothing, C. A. Hany 5206; auto calls.

HEATING EQUIPMENT

HEATERS—Genuine Evaporator, fan forced,
warm-air heaters; slightly damaged in
shipment; half price. 1112 Franklin.

MACHINERY FOR SALE

AMMONIA compressor; 1 ton, automatic;
complete with coil. PA. 7633.
CHAIN HOISTS—Bought, sold or serviced,
Y.O. 0911. Box 69, Normandy.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

ANYTHING to read pipe and iron. 130
Tyler, Wolff Pipe & Iron Co. CE. 5150.
CHAIRS—Tables, large quantities; rented,
NATIONAL CHAIR, 301 S. 1st, CE. 0104.
DRAIN TILE; 6", used, 60,000 pieces 2 ft.,
10c. Aalco, NE. 3100.
HEATING BOILERS—3000-7000 feet
Wrecking, 2655 Locust, LA. 0190.
HOTRED SASH—4'x6' open, 1 1/2", \$3;
closed, \$5. JE. 2020.
TARPAULINS—Paraffin treated canvas,
seconds, 11x18, \$5.15 other sizes, low
prices. LeRoy Tent Co., 3429 S. Grand.

OFFICE APPLIANCES, TYPEWRITERS, ETC.

UNDERWOOD and Royal typewriters, \$105
models, \$23.75; free repairs, free trial
rentals, 3 months, \$5. St. Louis X. W.
Co., 718 Pine, Main 1162.
NEW model No. 6 Underwood typewriters
for sale or rent; reduced. 718 Pine,
Main 1162.
RENTALS—3 months, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6,
AMERICAN, 817 Pine, Chestnut 0340.
SPECIAL RENTALS—3 months, \$3. Na-
tional, 609 Pine, GA. 3344.
STANDARD MAKES—\$15 up; others \$5
up. National, 1125 Locust, GA. 2242.
PORTABLE TYPEWRITER—Bargain, 4311
College, GO. 4084.
STANDARD MAKE RENTALS—Reason-
able. Fletcher, 806 Pine, Main 0843.
PORTABLE TYPEWRITER—Bargain, 4311
College, GO. 4084.
RENT 3 months, \$3; bargains, \$10 up
Whitington, Inc., 303 N. 10th, GA. 1665.
ROYAL typewriters, \$15 each; first come
first served. Adler, 3662 Park.

POULTRY & BIRDS FOR SALE

Baby Chicks For Sale
CHICKS, blood tested; 2 big hatches every
week; also custom hatching. Florissant
Valley Hatchery, Graham rd., Highway
66, ATW. 1600-1.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES

For Sale
BAR, RESTAURANT, MEAT MARKET
FIXTURES; NEW AND USED. BEN
SINGER, 1007 MARKET ST.
BAR FIXTURES—Must sell; sacrifice.
Call Monday, 9 to 3, 4561 Gravois.
COUNTER FREEZER—Hastian-Blessing
2 1/2-gallon freezer and 40-gallon harden-
ing cabinet; good as new. Box H-114,
Post-Dispatch.
FIXTURES, ALL KINDS—BARGAINS.
HOUSE OF RICHMOND, 827 N. 27th.
NEW—4-drawer steel filing cabinets,
\$11.95 each. Phone Grand 3762.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Wanted
CASH for old gold, broken jewelry, dia-
monds. Miller, 520 Pine.

MUSICAL

Pianos and Organs For Sale
BABY GRAND—\$90; cost \$800; apiece,
\$120. Kemper, 3844 S. Broadway.
PIANO—Steinbach-Dreyer; \$25. 867 Tux-
edo St., Webster Grove.
BARGAINS—A. G. Hopkins, piano tuner
and rebuilder. FO. 4030, 1005 Walton.

USED AUTOMOBILES

75 Real Bargains
ALL MAKES
ALL MODELS
Sacrifice 30 Cheapies
HURRY
4995 Natural Bridge

Wanted
SELL NOW — PRICES ARE HIGH —
KENNY, 4821 EASTON, Forest 6283.
WANTED—All makes good used cars;
high cash prices. Mortgages paid off.
McMahon, 3507 Gravois, GR. 2668.
AUTOS Wtd.—Bring title, get cash. Out
Motor, 3700 S. Kingshighway, FL. 6389.
100 CARS Wtd.—Late models, cash; bring
title. Monarch, 718 N. Kingshighway.
ALL AUTOS BOUGHT—Also pawn tickets.
JE. 0448, 3925 Easton.
CASH FOR GOOD USED CARS.
STEINER, 4621 Delmar, FForest 4328.

For Hire
TRUCKS—For rent without drivers; stake
or panel bodies; low rates. GA. 3132.

Cabriolets For Sale
FORD—Cabriolet, 1936; radio, gasoline
heater, white-wall tires; 2 spotlights,
chromium wheels. RI. 7440W.

Coaches For Sale
CHEVROLET—'36 de luxe touring coach;
heater; bargain; \$295.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DE BALIVIERE.
CHEVROLET—1936; trunk; perfect;
throughout; \$325. 3319A Wisconsin.
FORD—'36 de luxe coach; \$354.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DE BALIVIERE.
FORD—'36 tudor, \$285; arrange financing.
3941 Southwest, HI. 9309.
FORD—'34 de luxe coach; \$100.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DE BALIVIERE.
PONTIAC—'36 coach, 1937; \$350 cash. 4928
Beverly.
PONTIAC—1934, 8-cylinder; trunk; good
buy. 4204 West Pine.
STUDEBAKER—1936 coach; radio, heater,
defroster.
Oscar G. Snipes, 314 N. Sarah, at Lindell.

Coupees For Sale
CHEVROLET—Coupe, 1936, A1 condition;
radio, heater, \$280; private. 1043 DuChes-
ne.
STUDEBAKER—1936 41 coupe; bargain.
Oscar G. Snipes, 314 N. Sarah, at Lindell.

Sedans For Sale
BUICK—1937 sedan, model 40; like new.
Oscar G. Snipes, 314 N. Sarah, at Lindell.
LINCOLN—Sedan, 7-passenger; 1934
model; \$350. Call HI. 5827.

NASH—'36, 400 series; \$350.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DE BALIVIERE.
PLYMOUTH—1936 de luxe sedan; private;
8000 miles; \$150 down. FO. 4897.
PLYMOUTH—1936 4-door; good condition;
\$285; private owner. Garfield 7203.

STUDEBAKER—'36, 6-cylinder sedan;
only one left; bargain.
OSCAR G. SNIPES, 314 N. Sarah, at Lin-
dell, (10 years a Studebaker dealer).

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES
NEW Southwest Bank—First \$100 and up;
bank credit and low rate to earners; your
to pay; prompt, polite service. FR. 0300.



SEARCHING FOR BURIED FIREMEN

Eight firemen were
killed by collapsing
walls while fighting a
fire yesterday in a Syra-
cuse, N. Y., office
building. Their com-
rades are pictured
searching for their
bodies.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.

SHRINERS MEETING

Attending the Central
States Shriners Associa-
tion meeting here at
Moolah Temple, from
left, Otto A. Hampe, il-
lustrous Potentate-elect
of Moolah temple; Peter
Anderson, retiring Po-
tentate, Imperial Chief
Rabban George F. Olen-
dorf of Springfield, Mo.;
George M. Saunders, sec-
retary of the association;
Julius C. Shapiro of Ara-
rat Temple, president of
the association, and Har-
vey Beffa, vice-presi-
dent.

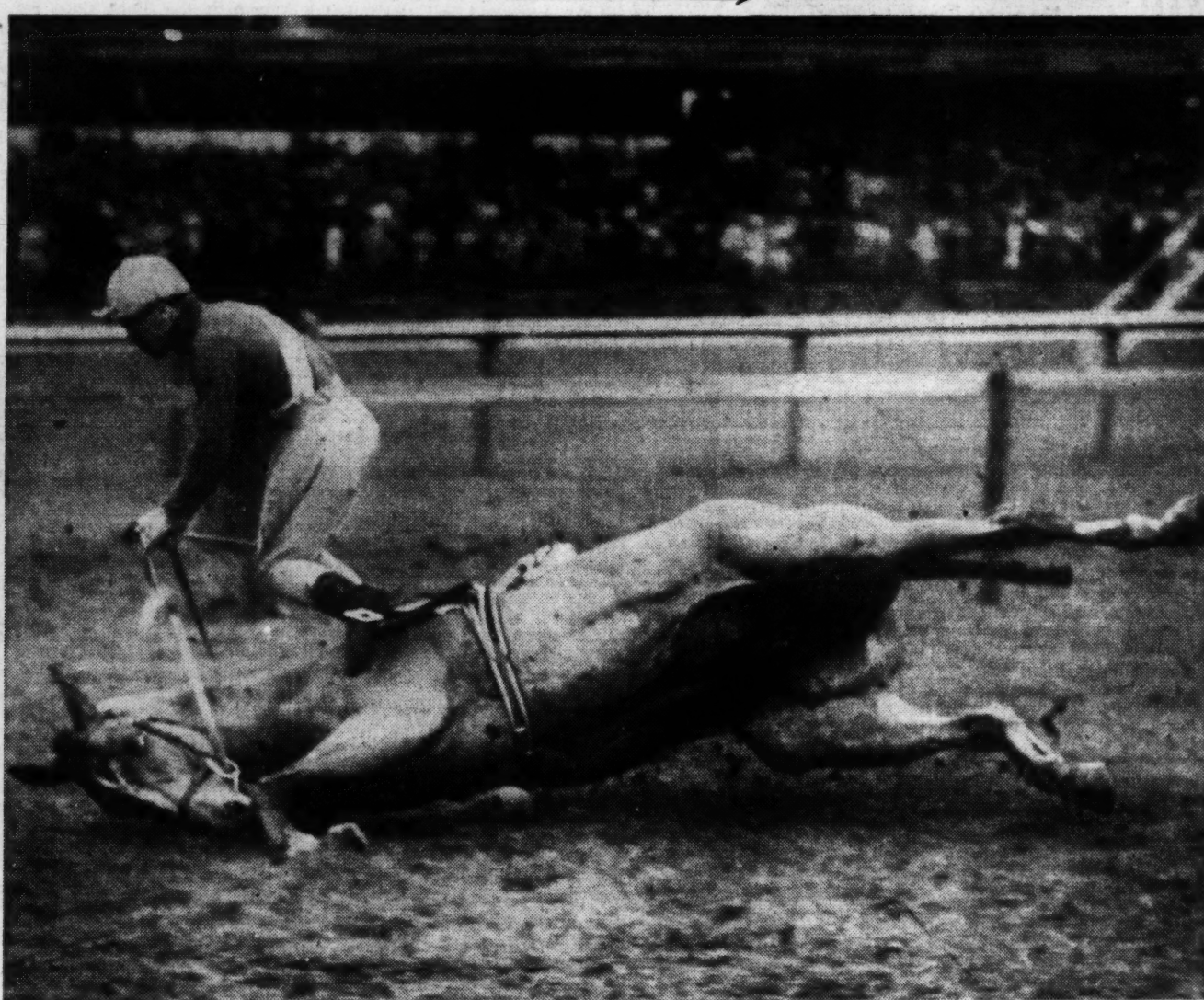
—By a Post-Dispatch Staff
Photographer.



QUESTIONED ON DIVORCE

Tom Mooney, recently pardoned after serving more than 22
years in prison, talking with reporters in San Francisco after
his wife, Mrs. Rena Mooney, said that he had demanded that
she divorce him. Mooney admitted he and his wife were
separated but denied he had asked for a divorce.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



TUMBLE The winter steeplechase season is on in England. Here Jockey Dowdeswell and his mount, Jack
Plush, come to grief in the Sefton steeplechase at Newbury.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



BIRTHDAY Justice James Clark McReynolds of
the Supreme Court receiving birthday
greetings in Washington from 12-year-old Betty Fallon,
daughter of Nugent Fallon, manager of the Federal Savings
and Loan Insurance Corporation. Justice McReynolds was
77 years old yesterday.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



U. D. C. MAIDS OF HONOR

Miss Mary Anne Lupton, daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. John T. Lupton, who is among the maids of
honor for the annual Valentine scholarship ball
of the Margaret A. E. McLure Chapter, United
Daughters of the Confederacy, at Hotel Jeffer-
son next Friday night.

—Kistler Photo.



Miss Ruth Olive Sebastian, daugh-
ter of Mrs. Martin E. Sauer.

—Strauss Photo.



Miss Virginia Amelia Becker,
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles
J. Becker.

—Strauss Photo.



Miss Geraldine Parker, daughter
of Mrs. Austin Parker.

—Strauss Photo.



ROYAL WEDDING Princess Maria of Savoy, young-
est daughter of the King and
Queen of Italy, and Prince Louis of Bourbon-Parma kneeling in
prayer in St. Peter's Basilica in Rome after their marriage.

—Associated Press Photo.

NOW that the Government is making it easy and simple for all of us to build dream houses, the average husband and wife should look over their shoulders at the cozy houses springing up like mushrooms. Tomorrow you may be building your nest. Then you will want to know something about dynamic symmetry and other factors that make for perfect architectural design. After all, if you have 20 years in which to pay, you do not want to build a house that will be out of style by the time the Government attaches it. That would be unfair to the Government. Get up a scrapbook. Paste in cut-outs of nice homes. Then, when it comes time to choose, you can point a finger and say, "We want one of those." The house we like best has a picketed roof and built-in wind-shield visors over the windows. What we like is the balanced double entrance, which makes it almost impossible for door-to-door bell-ringers to tell which is the front door and which is the side door. Furthermore, if there is a conglomeration of callers they can come right in one door and scam through the other without bumping into one another.

When your physician says you're through, What is the proper thing to do—Rant and rave, or say your prayers And throw the doctor down the stairs? Granddaddy, 40 years ago, Was warned he must prepare, and so As friends and neighbors wept with him He gave his coat to Brother Jim. He gave his pants to Brother Harry. He gave his hat to Cousin Larry. His shoes and socks to Uncle Willie. And my! oh my! did he feel silly When he, as sometimes sick folks do,

Lived on till he was 92? An old straw hat was all he had To wear to church—and was he mad!

—Edith Maxwell.

FEARLESS JOURNALISM

(Lamar, Mo., Democrat.)

The evening activities here in Lamar struck a new all-time low Monday morning. While it isn't the sort of thing the Chamber of Commerce would put in a folder on Lamar, things were so quiet that Edward Shelton, a visitor from Coffeyville, caught a wandering rabbit alive right on the court house square. Edward, who is visiting his cousin, George Shelton, noticed the rabbit hopping along in front of the Wardrobe on the east side of the square. The cottontail ducked into the doorway of the Wardrobe and took refuge behind a pillar of the building. Edward made a dive for the animal and caught it.

FAMOUS LAST WORDS

But if you knew about heredity, Father, you wouldn't say things like that.

Don't forget your hat.

TOMORROW'S
HOROSCOPE
by WYNN

For Sunday, Feb. 5.

LOOKING ahead to a week more active than usual; watch finances; don't worry; if can't fix, wait—don't jump. Today's tendency to leap overboard and try swimming ashore is further than you think. Hold extragance.

Proving Character.

Last month I had more than a hundred interviews with screen stars when I was out in Hollywood. One of the biggest points in their favor was their reluctance to talk about the tough times they had in getting to the top. But I persisted, for I know the value of overcoming obstacles. In most cases I was able to uncover the big problem they had to solve; it revealed character.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead till your next anniversary can be a good money year, if you avoid hasty moves and turning new prospects—discriminate. Good study year. Too careful of home and estate. Danger: now Feb. 18; Oct. 9-Dec. 9.

For Monday, Feb. 6.

GOOD mental and judgment vibration in the foreground today; but the background is still unreliable in finances and the tendency to act first and hope later to find an excuse for doing it. Caution with women and their affairs in p. m.

The Hero Must Suffer.

If you are wondering if life is worth while for you; if you feel that the good things have passed you by; or that you haven't reaped as much reward as you are entitled to under the rules of the game of life as you see them, find out all you can about the lives of others, especially those who are successful. Find out how they have suffered, struggled, overcome. Then do likewise.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead brings first intimations of changing conditions in home and estate, if this is your birthday; handle it wisely. Push for money reward for your efforts thus far. Danger: Now-Feb. 19, and Oct. 11-Dec. 11.

Becoming reckless in tendency; yield not to unwise leanings.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT



"I will never leave thee nor forsake thee." BIBLICAL QUOTATION THAT HAS THE SAME MEANING WHEN READ BACKWARDS. (Hebrews 13:5)



Charles de la Bussiere—AN ARISTOCRAT—OBTAINED A JOB AS A HANDYMAN IN THE DREADED TRIBUNAL AND IN THIS CAPACITY HE SAVED THE LIVES OF 34,000 PEOPLE BY DESTROYING THEIR EXECUTION PAPERS. Among those saved were JOSEPHINE and Mme. LAFAYETTE.

During the French Revolution, Charles de la Bussiere, French aristocrat, obtained a job as a sweeper with the dread Tribunal of the Committee of Public Welfare, in charge of trials of members of the French aristocracy. In this capacity he saved the lives of 34,000 Frenchmen and Frenchwomen, the flower of all France. Having access to the records, he would nightly abstract a number of files, and either burn them in his house or destroy them after soaking them in water to obliterate the writing. Due to his activity, some victims under sentence of death were never executed, and some were never tried. Among the victims whose lives were saved by this noblest of sweepers were Josephine de Beauharnais, who later became the wife of Napoleon; Madame Lafayette, wife of the famous American hero, and a great number of others.

DESIGNING WOMEN---College Girl

By Margaretta Byers and Consuelo Kamholz

CHAPTER THIRTY-NINE.

If you're the average college girl you're not rolling in wealth. And you aren't doted up every night. And you don't dress formally for dates. You have to apply higher mathematics to your allowance. You have plenty of beaux. But they are in college too and they have to study to make the grades. That's a help because you see them only Friday nights and week-ends.

And when you beaux do come courting, they don't come in dinner jackets. Dinner jackets and tails are community property in most college dorms. They're booked up way in advance for fraternity dances and things. No, the college boy goes calling in an oxford gray suit—if not in a very odd jacket atop a turtle necked sweater—and since all his cronies do likewise, it's decreed that this is de rigueur—how men stick together!

Well, anyway, if you have any ideas of going to college with a wardrobe that is largely evening clothes, don't read this and stay home where there are "men at work" with a little pocket money of their own, so they don't have to rely on their fathers for evening dunder and cover charges.

Fathers don't hold with the idea that youth must be served in road-houses and nightclubs. So then, what is the keynote of the college wardrobe?

Campus clothes will have a strong country flavor. Date costumes will be in the five-to-seven town mood. Don't they dress for dinner at college? Only informally, no real dinner dresses. This is out of consideration for girls working their way through.

The only formal things you'll need will be for proms, Class day, house dances and college dramatics. The only real rule we ever heard of about dressing for dinner at college was "ski pants barred!"

First Term. You arrive late in September. So this term means principally October, November, December, though you'd better be prepared with at least one warm weather dress for Indian summer—

WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By Bob Burns

I GOT an old friend back in Arkansas who ain't been feelin' so well lately. He's one of them kind who don't like to think too fast about anything. But he finally made up his mind to go see a doctor an' get a goin' over. An' when he'd been examined, the doctor said, "Slim, you're plenty run down. Have you been gettin' outdoors, regular?" "No, Doc," says Slim. "I been a lyin' around the house." "Well, that ain't doin' you no good," says the Doc. "Now, every day, hereafter, I want you to be takin' a tramp through the woods! If you do that, it won't be no time at all before you'll be feelin' top again!" About a week later, the Doc is out on a call on a country road when he sees Slim walkin' out the woods ahead, followed by the gosh-hangedest seedy lookin' bunch of bums. "Hello, Slim!" greets Doc. "Say, what's the big idea? Who are these men?" "Why, Doc," exclaims Slim, "I'm just a followin' your prescription, only I'm takin' it in extra big doses! You said, I'd feel better takin' a tramp through the woods—so I figured I'd feel a whole lot better a sight quicker if I took a gang of 'em!"

Do Our Modern Workers Face Harder Tests?

Young People Believe They Do, but Analysis Does Not Sustain Them.

By Elsie Robinson

DOES Modern Industry present new and peculiarly difficult problems for the young worker—problems which the average youngster can't possibly solve? Are the poor kids "licked before they start" by demands, pressures, tests and tempos which are obviously far beyond their capacity?

Ask Young America for his reactions to these questions and it's a thousand-to-one shot he'll answer with a sincere and aggrieved "Yes!" And thereupon proceed to quote an endless list of "cruel and unusual" demands and penalties peculiar to the Machine Age.

"Why, you can't even start with-out a High School education!" he'll wail. "And in most places you're sunk unless you're a college grad. No matter how much education you've had, it's no dice unless you have gobs and gobs of pull. Then if you do get a job you're up against regiments of efficiency experts and analysts and investigators and heaven knows what else. What kind of a break does that give a fella?"

To which argument there seems to be little or no comeback. Fact is, most of us Oldsters, remembering the simpler scenes of our own youth, have a sneaking hunch the youngsters are right, and that Junior and Sister are having a far harder time than we ever did. But are they? B. C. Forbes, industrial expert, wonders. Starting at 14, he'd have a fairly tough workout himself, having signed an indenture to serve as apprentice ship as "Printer's devil" for seven years at the staggering sum of 75 cents per week. But maybe he just thought it was tough? Maybe these young people now are up against things he'd never imagined?

William C. Ackerly, secretary, New York Employment Managers' Association and employment manager of the New York Stock Exchange, answered his questions for him. Best way, thought he, to discover what young workers were up against was to investigate the sons for how well they were fired. Check the things they were expected to do by finding where and how they had failed. Whereupon, Ackerly made an analysis of some 4000 discharged office and clerical workers of 76 business institutions. Quite a hunk of humanity! Why didn't they succeed? The prize he received the little blue envelope? Was it because they lacked unusual technical training? Or were unable to endure the tremendous speed and pressure of modern times?

No, wasn't. No such modern, hitherto reasons lay behind these 1938 cannings. To the contrary, only 10 per cent of the 4000 discharged workers lost their positions through lack of skill. While 90 per cent were discharged for the same old onerous offenses which gave grandpa the air! Namely:

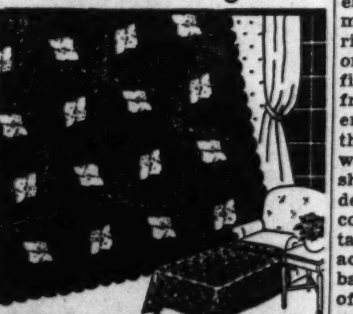
- Carelessness ———— 14
- Non-co-operation ——— 10
- Laziness ———— 10
- Dishonesty ———— 8
- Attention to outside things — 8
- Lack of initiative ——— 7
- Lateness ———— 7
- Lack of ambition ——— 7
- Lack of loyalty ———— 3
- Lack of courtesy ———— 2
- Miscellaneous causes ——— 14

Quite a surprise, isn't it? And here you and I have been expecting that the world had really changed! Well, write the moral for yourself.

Potato and Sausage Roll

Put two cups raw potatoes and one onion through the meat chopper. Combine with two cups crumbled breadcrumbs, three cups sausage meat, one beaten egg and milk to moisten. Form into a loaf, place in a buttered pan and bake in a slow oven until nicely browned, from three-quarters to one hour. Serve with tomato sauce.

Crocheted Afghan



IT'S done entirely in shell stitch; this afghan in three colors. You love crocheting the quickly made squares. And when they're done you can have your choice as to how you'll arrange them for joining. Two ways are shown, each gives such a different effect. More are given in the pattern. Pattern 1966 contains directions for afghan and pillow; illustrations of afghan and stitches; materials required; color scheme; photograph of square of afghan. Send 10 cents in coin for this pattern to St. Louis Post-Dispatch, 432 E. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo. Write plainly PATTERN NUMBER, your NAME and ADDRESS.

One Woman's New York

By Alice Hughes

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

OF ALL the night-spots in town, the one that keeps going hardest and fastest is the small dead-end on East Fifty-third street known as the Stork Club, run by a kindly Oklahoman named Sherman Billingsley. His operating technique is flawless and his oasis zooms along when bigger, fancier places stagger, faint and die.

A few nights ago Sherman went into the bag and pulled out an old one that is forever good — if it clicks. It was a "singing" bee for the girls of Cafe Society, and no less than 15 of these dainty beauties stood right smack up to the mike and gave out. Two of the judges were Beatrice Lillie and Clifton Webb, which just shows you how well the spot stands with people who really count. Even more remarkable was the fact that some of the cuties could really sing.

The learned judges picked as winner one Betty Randall, a mix with flashing black eyes and a rich, melodious voice. The prize was a job singing at the Maison Billingsley, and even as this is written, her parents' permission having been given, the colorful Betty is now warbling there for pay. I don't know how much pay, but some.

The Stork was packed and jammed to the very snood for this great artistic event, and you may be sure that only the very best people got in to feast their eyes and ears. So Sherman was happy, all the right people were charmed, and no doubt Betty Randall was happy at winning this Battle of the Larynxes — which goes to show just how little it takes to please a small bunch of folks!

We hope to have a look at the pretty, suffering little Viennese doll, Louise Rainer, when and if Sidney Kingsley stages his dramatization of that wondrous novel, "The Outward Room," in the future.

Friendly Touch in a Modern Kitchen

By Elizabeth Boykin

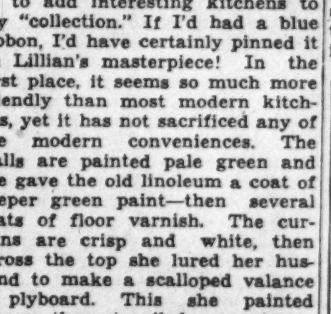
LILLIAN J. took a notion to do her kitchen over. And before I knew she was really serious about it, she called me up and invited me to come over and have a look-see. I didn't need a second invitation—because I'm always eager to add interesting kitchens to my "collection." If I'd had a blue ribbon, I'd have certainly pinned it on Lillian's masterpiece. In the first place, it seems so much more friendly than most modern kitchens, yet it has not sacrificed any of the modern conveniences. The walls are painted pale green and she gave the old linoleum a coat of deeper green paint, then several coats of floor varnish. The curtains are crisp and white, then across the top she lured her husband to make a scalloped valance of plywood. This she painted orange, then stenciled peasant motifs in blue and white. The shelves above it which she painted white with accents of orange. On these shelves she keeps her everyday dishes, bright pottery and some odd pieces of copper. Even stove and refrigerator have pleasant motifs painted on their gleaming white fronts. The chairs are white with orange seat pads.

But here is the crowning touch. Lillian has put in a "plate rail" all around the kitchen walls and attached a ruffle of orange cotton to it. On this she has an assortment of old-fashioned kitchen utensils as well as any unusual foreign uten-

Potato and Sausage Roll

Put two cups raw potatoes and one onion through the meat chopper. Combine with two cups crumbled breadcrumbs, three cups sausage meat, one beaten egg and milk to moisten. Form into a loaf, place in a buttered pan and bake in a slow oven until nicely browned, from three-quarters to one hour. Serve with tomato sauce.

Crocheted Afghan



IT'S done entirely in shell stitch; this afghan in three colors. You love crocheting the quickly made squares. And when they're done you can have your choice as to how you'll arrange them for joining. Two ways are shown, each gives such a different effect. More are given in the pattern. Pattern 1966 contains directions for afghan and pillow; illustrations of afghan and stitches; materials required; color scheme; photograph of square of afghan. Send 10 cents in coin for this pattern to St. Louis Post-Dispatch, 432 E. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo. Write plainly PATTERN NUMBER, your NAME and ADDRESS.

Declarer's Use Of Psychic Bid In Bridge Game

Maneuver Was Intended to Misdirect West in Making Opening Lead.

By Ely Culbertson

THERE are two distinct kinds of psychic bids. There is the psychic bid that is made on a trickless hand such as:

1086542 ♠ J3 ♣ 854 ♣ 62

Although this type of psychic is not nearly as prevalent as it was years ago, many good players make a spade bid on such a hand as this, especially when playing duplicate and particularly in third hand position. It will be noted that even in this case, the player has length, not strength, in the "psychic" suit. The other type of psychic bid, which enjoys greater favor among experts, is what may be termed a lead-misdirecting psychic. Note the following hand, taken from a recent duplicate:

North, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

♠ A Q 7 5
♥ A 8
♦ A 10 7 4 3
♣ 9 2

♠ J 10 6
♥ K Q J 7 5
♦ 9 5
♣ K Q 7

WEST EAST SOUTH NORTH
♠ K 8 2
♥ 10 4 3
♦ K 6 2
♣ A 8 4

The bidding:
North East South West
1 diam. Pass 1 heart Pass
2 diam. Pass 1 no trmp. Pass
3 no trmp Pass Pass
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Attention is directed to South's original one heart response. This was one of those lead-misdirecting bids to which I have referred. Naturally, I am not defending the sort of bid for general practice, yet I would be telling something less than the truth were I to say that all such bids are bad or silly. When they are used with great discretion, and at extremely wide intervals, they may pay handsome dividends. I warn readers, however, that they are loaded with dynamite and that, if they use them, they do so at their own peril.

In this case, West probably suspected that the heart bid was "phony," hence ventured an optimistic penalty double of the final three no trump contract.

The heart king was the opening lead, and declarer promptly stepped up with diamonds ace. Then, since there was a chance that the queen and jack of diamonds would fall, he played the ace and king, but when nothing sensational happened, he turned his attention to the spade suit. A 3-3 break permitted him to run four spades and he discarded his own last diamond on the fourth round. West had to make a discard also, and apparently weakened in his previous judgment that South had "psyched" the heart suit. He must have thought that South had started with four hearts to the 10-4, because now he discarded a heart in order to keep the K-Q of clubs guarded. Declarer made a shrewd use of this discard. After cashing dummy's last spade, he led the eight of hearts. East covered with the nine, and declarer with the ten. West won and cashed the queen and seven spot. But then West had to lay down the club king and declarer made him a gracious present of the trick. The forced club continuation from the queen went up to declarer's A-J ten-ace and gave him the two tricks necessary to the fulfillment of his contract.

Waterproof

Give the boy's rubber boots a good oiling before he starts off for much fun in the snow. Soak well in along where the soles meet the uppers, for it is along the stitching where the leakage is apt to occur. It will help a great deal in keeping those feet dry.

Creamed Celery

Wash and clean celery and cut into inch lengths. Cook in salted boiling water until tender. Drain well and when perfectly dry pour over the celery a hot rich cream sauce. Turn into a heated vegetable dish, sprinkle with paprika and serve.

Thumbail Reviews of New Movies

By Colvin McPherson

GUNGA DIN—Victor McLaglen, Cary Grant, Douglas Fairbanks Jr. and friends give the heathen a darn good drubbing. Sam Jaffe carries water for the team. Spectacular but unoriginal. The second feature, "Next Time I Marry," depicts the American way of getting ahead—poor boy weds heiress. At the FOX.

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North dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

North 1043 854 10743 92

East 1043 854 10743 92

South 1043 854 10743 92

West 1043 854 10743 92

IF YOU ASK My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Mrs. Carr: We are two girls, one 15 and one 14. We are invited to a party next month and are told to invite any boy we want. We would like to know if it is proper for us to do this or for the girl who is giving the party to ask them. Also we would like to know if it is proper for us to ask boys we do not know very well, but admire very much?

DOUBLE ANXIOUS. It is quite all right to ask the boys if your hostess has given you permission to do so; but you would be wise to select those whom you have known quite well and not risk the surprises these mere acquaintances might give both you and this trusting friend.

Dear Mrs. Carr: I AM A widow and would like to run a boarding-house to make living for myself. I have very little money but enough to furnish a large house. I wish to know if there is a place I could learn the planning of economical meals. If there is someone in the business who would give me some advice I would be grateful.

MRS. M. J. There are evening schools where adults may enroll for various phases of home making. Planning, preparing and serving meals is one of the courses. This instruction is given at Saldan High School, on Thursday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30 p. m., and at Roosevelt and Beaumont High schools on Tuesday and Thursdays at the same hours.

In these food classes, family meals are planned, prepared and served. Emphasis is placed on a study of food values, marketing for food, scientific food preparation and table service. Hadley Vocational School, under the auspices of the Board of Education, gives home-making education for adults. This school is located at 3405 Bell avenue.

Dear Mrs. Carr: ORCHIDS TO "Herb S!" Let the volley of retorts pour upon me—I place "Herb S." upon a throne. He would build the fires; he would cook his wife's breakfast! Something fine about men has been killed in me, but am I aware of its resurrection—because of "Herb S."?

Bachelor Girl. Every man in his heart knows that he should build the fires, unless he is spineless. And a woman knows her duty about the cooking, unless she is—well, a woman who won't get up to cook the breakfast, unless she is sick, should go where the man should go if he doesn't build the fires: To the bottom of the ocean with rocks tied around their necks with this inscription: The world has no place for lazy bodies; may ye rest in peace!

Dear Mrs. Carr: COULD YOU please give a list of suggestions suitable for a "Miscellaneous" Shower?

MISS ALLAN. We have two "Showers"—printed and ready, which will be sent to you if you will mail self-addressed, stamped envelope in which they may be inclosed.

Dear Mrs. Carr: I HAVE BEEN given a pair of lovely pink silk lounge pajamas. Will you please tell me when it is correct to wear them? Would it be permissible to wear them on Sunday afternoon when mixed company comes in to tea?

CURIOUS. At a very informal afternoon, week-day, tea, where only special, cronies are invited, you might wear the pink silk pajamas. They have been worn (as nearly every extreme type of habit has been worn, though not with best taste) on such occasions as you mention. But a hostess gown is far more graceful and becoming and would be the choice of nine women out of ten, who are accustomed to choose and wear their clothes as sophisticated women would do.

TODAY'S PATTERN

Butterfly Appliques

CAREFREE as a butterfly... that's the way to feel when you're flitting through your morning duties, and it's the way Pattern 4047 will make you look! Look—the butterfly appliques are so simple to cut and stitch. In fact, the whole pretty dress is easy to run up, and—besides—there's an illustrated sewing instructor to give all necessary directions. Why not plan to make an afternoon frock as well from this adorable gored-skirt pattern? The curved neck is so becoming, the sleeves so impudently gay and flattering whether caught in style or flared!

Pattern 4047 is available in misses' and women's sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Size 16 takes 4 yards 35-inch fabric and 3/4 yard contrast.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly SIZE, NAME, ADDRESS AND STYLE NUMBER.

Put in your order for ANNE ADAMS' LATEST PATTERN BOOK for spring styles today! See smart, fresh fashions and simple patterns that make sewing-at-home a joy! See—pictured in color—such a COMPLETE array of day, afternoon, party and sportswear! Tips for southern travelers! Bridal frocks! Suit and dress accessories! Slimming creations and young-generation outfits! With these appear lingerie, homerooms, and things for young menfolk. Send now! PRICE OF BOOK FIFTEEN CENTS. PRICE OF PATTERN FIFTEEN CENTS. BOOK AND PATTERN TOGETHER, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Send your order to St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth street, New York, N. Y.

Ned Brant at Carter—By Bob Zuppke



A Story of College Athletics



Bette Davis Is Effective as Mad Empress



The Adolescent Child Requires Consideration

He Should Be Consulted Before Parents Make Decisions Concerning Him.

By Angelo Patri

HIGH school boys and girls, and those of the first college years, are people in their own right, and not to be thought of in terms of infancy. The most difficult adjustment parents have to make is concerned with this fact. The children have grown up while their parents were not looking; consequently they continue to think of them and to manage them as they did when they were helpless infants.

"Mother, where is my old green sweater? Do you know? I had it in the bottom drawer, but I can't seem to find it."

"You didn't need that old sweater. I gave it to your cousin. Just the thing for him to play in after school."

"But mother, why didn't you ask me? I wanted it for that very reason. I needed it for scrub practice. I wish you would let my things alone."

Sister is seventeen. She has a boy friend with whom she likes to go out occasionally. She has planned to go with him to the movies on Friday afternoon, a privilege that has been granted by her parents, and she has been looking forward to it for some time.

"Where are you going, Sister?" "To the movies. With John."

"You can't go this afternoon. I promised Mrs. Cary that you would stay in with little Peter while she went down to see her mother this afternoon."

"I forgot. You'll have lots of Fridays. It won't hurt you for once to think of somebody else."

Perhaps Sister is thinking that it wouldn't have hurt mother to have taken a little thought about her before giving away her only free afternoon. But this often happens in ways not so apparent always, but just as hard for the young people to bear.

Parents make engagements for their children, offer their services, use their belongings, make decisions for them, mortgage their time, even their future, without consulting them. No good comes of it. The children are patient as long as possible and finally they rebel.

Why not ask the young people about their belongings, their services or their time? Why not extend to them the same consideration that you would expect of a grown-up person? Of course these young people are not grown up. But they are people in their own right. They are entitled to courtesy, politeness and consideration on that score alone. And remember, they feel grown up.

After childhood is past the relationship between children and parents is based on mutual understanding. The name of that relationship is friendship. Real friendship can, and often does, exist between parents and their adolescent children, and when it does, the relationship is ideal. The way to establish it is to consider the children as people. Ask them before making decisions for them. That is their due.

Angelo Patri has prepared a leaflet entitled "Self-Measuring Chart," which teaches a child how to examine himself and check up on his behavior. Send for it, addressing your request to Angelo Patri, Child Psychology Department, of this paper. Include a self-addressed, stamped (3-cent) envelope.

Braised Lamb With Onions Three pounds shoulder of lamb, one large Bermuda onion, one tablespoon lemon juice, three tablespoons olive oil, salt, pepper. Cut the lamb meat into two-inch squares. Mix oil, lemon and seasonings together and pour over squares of meat. Let stand for three hours, turning once or twice. Push the pieces of meat on a long skewer with slices of Bermuda onion in between each piece of meat. Broil in the oven as you would steak, turning the skewer so all sides are browned, cooking for about a half hour. Quite a delicacy.

Why a Widow Retains Name Of Her Husband

An Accepted Custom That Has Been Observed for Many Generations.

By Emily Post

Dear Mrs. Post: WHY isn't a widow supposed to discard her ring and her husband's name as well? Her husband gave both the ring and name to her until "death do us part." Perhaps this has never occurred to you when you advised that she is supposed to keep his name. On second thought, this hardly seems possible so will you please explain your way of reasoning.

Answer: It isn't a question of my reasoning but of an accepted custom, which has been observed for many generations in spite of the fact that death severs the earthly bond. To many widows, the spiritual bond certainly remains, and few are willing to relinquish the solace of these tangible evidences of their marriage.

Dear Mrs. Post: Has there ever been a wedding within your knowledge where the best man stood in the receiving line with the bride and groom and her attendants? We don't want to show too much irregularity in arranging the reception this way, but we really think it would be the nicest thing to do. You see, the best man is from England and is an entire stranger to every one, and we think this would be the best way to have him meet all the guests. Do you agree with us?

Answer: No, I can't agree with you entirely. That is, if you have a father or a brother, then it should be the duty of one of these to lead the best man around and see that he has a much better time than he would if he were standing stiffly by the door shaking a queue of strangers by the hand and actually talking to no one! Do you see?

Watercress Salad One cup watercress, two hard-boiled eggs, one-quarter cup chopped celery, one-half cup French dressing. Arrange cress on serving plates with slices of hard-boiled eggs and chopped celery over the top. Garnish with long strips of pimiento and pour dressing over each serving. A lovely, refreshing salad.

Chicago Chicken Legs One pound veal steak. One pound pork steak. One-fourth cup flour. One teaspoon salt. One-fourth teaspoon paprika. Three tablespoons minced onions. One-third cup chopped celery. One and one-half cups boiling water. Four tablespoons fat. Select steaks half an inch thick. Cut into one-inch squares. Alternate veal and pork squares on skewers. Sprinkle with flour and seasonings. Place in a baking pan. Add half the water and the fat and cover with a lid. Bake for 45 minutes in a moderate oven. Add rest of water and bake 20 more minutes. Carefully remove "legs" to serving platter and thicken the gravy left in the pan with two tablespoons of butter. Cook for two minutes.

Private Lives—By Edwin Cox

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THE PIED PIPER OF PALO ALTO! HERBERT HOOVER'S FAME AS A FOOD ADMINISTRATOR EVEN EXTENDS TO THE ANIMAL WORLD. IN PALO ALTO HIS STRANGE WHISTLE BRINGS FROGS HOPPING FROM EVERYWHERE IN EXPECTATION OF FOOD.

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News of New Movies

in McPherson

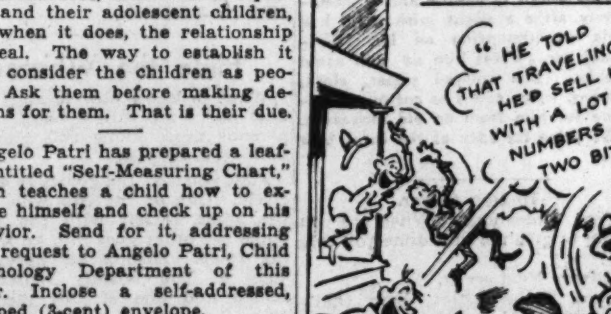
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Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox



LEM WORTLE, THE PRACTICAL JOKER



THE PIED PIPER OF PALO ALTO!



The Weekly Whizzer

A NEWSPAPER for BOYS AND GIRLS

READ THIS

You can answer as many contests as you like, but each entry must be on a separate piece of paper. Address your letters to the Weekly Whizzer, the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, St. Louis, Mo. Employees of the Post-Dispatch and members of their families are barred.

RADIO
SATURDAY,
FEBRUARY 4, 1939.

RADIO

St. Valentine Day Contest Is Announced

Ralph Is Working on it Now While Joe Miller Puts Final Touches on Line Hunt Mix-Up; Both Coming Next Week — Poll Results Today.

By Bobby Jones

THE following transpired at the last editorial conference of The Weekly Whizzer staff:

Betty: I think we ought to have a well contest especially for Valentine day.

Bobby: Right you are, Betty. I think the entire staff will agree on that. But the question is, who shall be commissioned to work up this contest?

Andy: Why, I think Ralph is the one to do it. I think a contest with a drawing is the best kind. And who else but Ralph can do that kind of work?

Staff: Absolutely. Ralph's the man we want!

So we elected Ralph to get to work on an idea for a special Valentine day contest for next week. Right now Ralph is working feverishly on an inspiration which he got while drawing hearts and Cupids.

Ralph says that's the way he gets all his ideas. He finds out the kind of contest we want and then proceeds to draw something relating to that particular type over and over again until the fires of inspiration flare up with another of his swell ideas. For instance, before he got that Desert Daze contest he drew 25 pictures of sand—then came the inspiration!

So he on hand next week for our special Valentine day contest. Besides this we are going to have a big Line Hunt contest, which is the masterpiece of Joe Miller.

"Just because I'm the editor of the Laffs Department is no reason why I can't combinate other good contests too," said Joe as he submitted this Line Hunt contest to me.

Joe's new contest is all about a most miscombinated one which is designed to test reader's skill in unmixing. We can't tell you what is mixed up because that would be giving it away. This gives you another reason for being with us in next week's Whizzer get-together.

Speaking of get-together, I wish to tell you new readers that all faithful and regular Whizzer readers set aside Saturday evening and Sunday for working The Whizzer contests. I needn't ask you if you know by this time that The Whizzer is not only fun and a big relief after a hard week at school but also may prove profitable!

Our Whizzer contest popularity poll proved to us what we knew all along—that Dijevers are the most popular. Jigsaws and Zami-nashuns run it a close second. Hoot Owl and Orchids rank high. "Rith-metic" contests are in for their share of attention and Quizzes are too. Laffs, movies and mystery mazes are all popular. Should any of you readers discover that your favorite contest has been omitted from this list, write a letter of complaint to the Orchids and Onions column.

Latest Winners

DJEVER: Kenneth Gadi, 4215 Pleasant; Felix Spezia, 5243 Botanical; Robert Sander, 3017 N. Whittier; Julia Meyer, 1722 Guyer.

TILLIE, THE ELEPHANT: Bob Vardier, 532 N. Sappington road, Kirkwood; Betty Trail, 3964 Ashland; John A. Northcutt, 3918 Louis; William Morrissey, 4404 Richard; Mary Virginia Baer, 2169 College.

AND TAKE: Martha Jean Close, 5082 Milants; Melba Jean Wilp, 5155, Mrs. James Coulter, 6227 Magnolia.

LETTER "A": Roger Schaefer, 3605 Oakmont Drive; Arlene Gaudich, 1009 Kulu; Jimmy Guyer, Mount Vernon, Ill.

MYSTEROUS "EMATS": Marjorie Krasberg, 5133 Calles; Geraldine Gung, 8-11, Lemay, Mo.; Box 114; Callen McBride, 404 Adams, Bowling Green, Mo.

HOOT OWL: William Oltmann, 3737 1/2 Oregon; Leland Helmering, 3307 Dix, St. Louis County; Mickey Huntebrinker, 1031A Theobald, Baden.

"WHO SAID": Marie Wunsch, 2819A Lynn; George Excellus, 834 Hawkins Court; Webster, Anne Flynn, 3650A Dunica.

BOYS WILL BE GIRLS: Emily Baseler, R-1, Pleasant, Mo.; Lavonne Montague, 1600A Semple; Rosemary Fleming, 9419 Emerson, Overland.

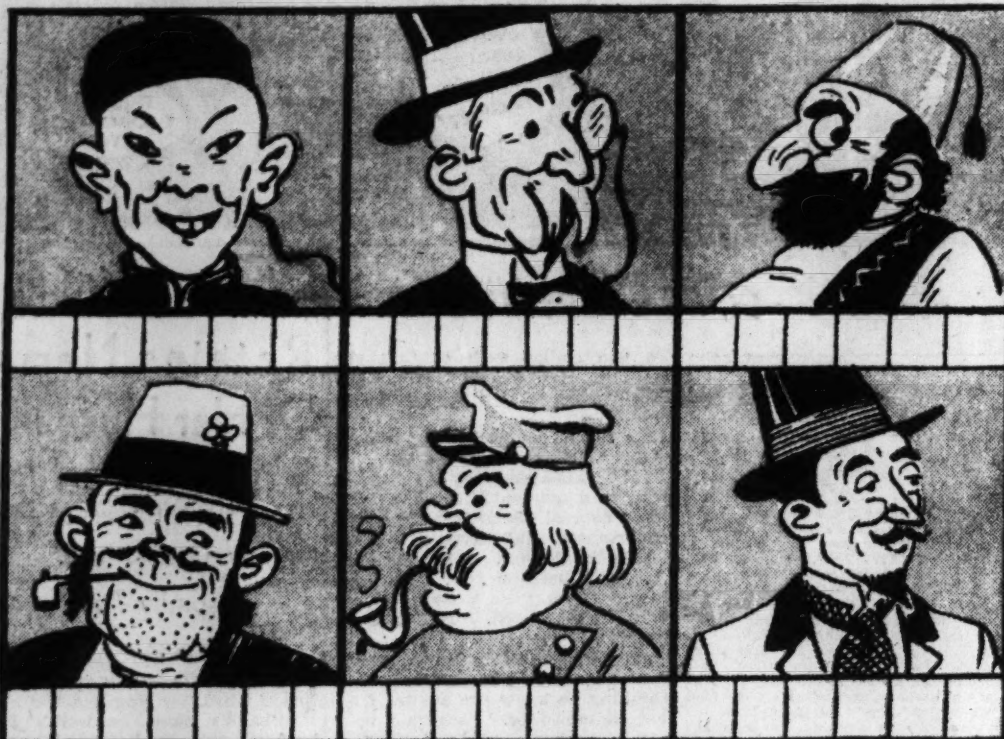
"SMART" KIDS CONTEST: Rosalie Harris, 220 Center, Lebanon, Ill.; Eva Lou Shea, 513 South Twenty-first, Mount Vernon, Ill.; Jimmy Manning, 24 Black Creek Lane, Clayton.

"DUBBY" KIDS CONTEST: Robert Wallie, 1976 Linton; Lois Pat Meyer, 5339 Ewald; Irvin Morgan, 5451 Thrush.

NEW HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS: Betty Meier, Wellington, Mo.; Virginia Lee O'Brien, 5215 Alcott; Billy Varnum, R-1, Box 291, De Quin, Ill.

HONORABLE MENTION: Martha Ryder, Freddie Kimbrell, Mary Jo Bacon, Melvin Bloom, Jean Hiltz, Cole Callison, Marilyn Davis, Jeanne Marie Zeller, Buddy Ochs, sky, Jimmy Danbury, Daniel Schores, Mildred Louise Letter, Rosemary Moore, Edward Spean, Lela Stults, Monica Kriesel, hauer, Audrey Bricker, Norma Jean Cunningham, Josephine Crockett, Charles Hill, Overton Harris, Shirley Nichols, Jim Pover, Sidney Maltzman, Bettyann Glida, Dorothy Drabovich, Wally Walker, Rosa Lee Miller, Edna Bresson, Frank Nunn, Robert Meffer, Dorothy Heiland, Margaret Haveron, Virginia Jackson, Frederick Ray, Kathleen Jacob, June Veneckel, Patricia Foley, Elmer Burns, Edward Buckley, Dorothy Ruth Gordon, Marceline Brown, Jeannette Russell, Rachel Ebert.

WHIZZER NATIONALITY CONTEST



CAN YOU TELL THE NATIONALITIES OF THE SIX MEN IN THE ABOVE CARTOONS? WRITE THE COUNTRY FROM WHICH EACH COMES IN THE SQUARES BELOW THE PICTURES AND TELL WHICH CARTOON YOU LIKE BEST, IN ABOUT 25 WORDS. THREE \$1 PRIZES.

Two Contests, One Suited to Country Kids, Other Devised for City Kids

By Andy Horner

CITY kids will find the contest below on the left made to order for them, while country kids will find the one on the right is down their alley.

In case you think you're not getting a square deal and think you could work the city kids' contest better than your own, don't let us stop you, country kids. The same goes for you city kids. So work 'em both, if you want to, no matter where you live.

City Kids

There was a little goil who loved to sit on de coib, one day dis goil was sitting on de coib watching a bold pick up a woin from an old doily hat. De little bold looked up and said "little goil don't sit on de coib or you'll get your skoit doily."

Now isn't that a pretty story? Let's see you make it even prettier by correcting it wherever necessary.

Bobby says this is just the way Betty talks and you should have heard Betty protest. She made some remarks about people who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones and was very angry about the whole thing.

We're offering you three \$1 prizes in this contest, one each for the three best presentations of a corrected version of the above story.

Country Kids

Everyone knows a leopard by his spots or an elephant by his trunk. But it isn't so easy to match up the right animals with the right characteristics when it comes to other animals. How about it, country kids? Are you willing to accept our challenge above?

Below is a list of animals and a list of things that distinguish them. All you have to do is fit the right one to the right animal. If you can write a good description of one of the animals and match up the following correctly, you may be the winner of one of the three \$1 prizes for the best entries.

Skunk	Meow
Kangaroo	Stripes
Giraffe	Odor
Zebra	Fur
Cat	Neck
Mule	Ears

Who Are They?



Two young movie stars. One played in "The Young in Heart," the other in "Gold-Diggers in Paris." Can you identify them? Write down their names together with 25 words about one of them. Three \$1 prizes.

LAUGH DEPARTMENT

By Joe Miller Jr.

\$1 Paid for Each Joke Used.

Teacher: Can you give me an example of wasted energy?

Andy: Telling a hair-raising story to a bald-headed man—Virginia Stotzer, 4976 Plover.

Grandpappy Snoozy: Joe, if I gave you a big apple and a little apple and told you to divide them with your brother, which one would you give him?

ORCHIDS AND ONIONS

\$1.00 For Each Letter Used

In your popularity poll, four of the 10 most popular contests begin with the letter "d." Well, how's about sending me my favorite "d"—a dollar? Incidentally, Dollar Jokes is my favorite Whizzer feature. —Louis Beckenstein, 1472 Blackstone.

Some boys are sure dumb. They spend good money to send orchids to girls. But not me. I send my orchids to The Whizzer and get a buck for them. —Horace Donnelly, 5630 Wabasha.

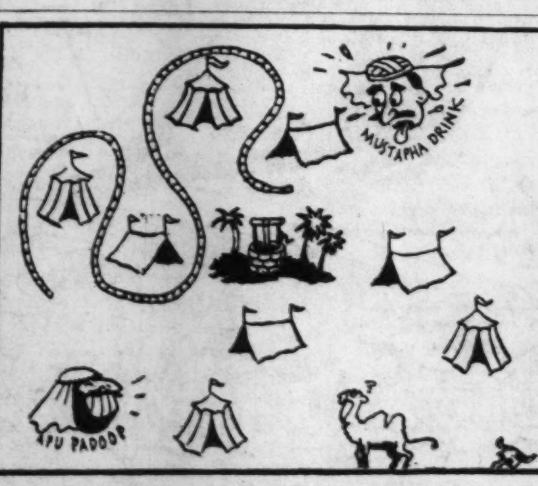
I see a Whizzer dollar about as often as I see a good joke in the Laff Department — and that's never! —Stewart Gershon, 8227 Kensington.

Bla-bla-bla, blank, dash, dot—in plain words The Weekly Whizzer's swell! —Vivian Wiseman, 3317A Oregon.

Be very careful of my name. I'm afraid it's a joke. If it ever appeared in The Whizzer, the earth would quake and cyclones would strike. —Teresa Gilardi, 1201 Greagan place, St. Louis County.

(Indian dialect) Me no win in last seven suns. I am no win in next six suns, poor Mr. W. W. Him no have scalp. —Tommy Sullivan, 5533 Wren.

APU PADOOP CAN'T DO IT—CAN YOU?



APU PADOOP'S PROBLEM

APU PADOOP AND MUSTAPHA DRINK HAD A LITTLE FRIENDLY ARGUMENT. AS A RESULT, OLD APU DECIDED TO BUILD A WALL CUTTING OFF ALL OF MUSTAPHA'S TENTS FROM THE WELL IN THE CENTER OF THE PICTURE AT THE LEFT AND AT THE SAME TIME ARBODY IN ONE OF HIS TENTS TO GET A DRINK. APU'S TENTS ARE THE ONE'S WITH BUT ONE FLAG. APU STARTED THE WALL BUT COULDN'T FINISH IT. CAN YOU? THREE \$1 PRIZES, ONE EACH FOR THREE MOST ORIGINAL JOBS. USE PEN, PENCIL, CRAYONS OR WATER COLORS.

Phrases Below Suggest Names Of Noted Men

Oliver White

BELOW is a list of phrases which you should connect up with the name of a very famous or very funny man. Don't let 'em scare you, now, for they're easy as pie. But you'll find that out as soon as you read them.

Whom do you think of when we mention spinach and a pipe? Pop-eye! Right! Whom do you associate with 10-decker sandwiches and a mad rush for his bus? Dagwood! You're right again! Go to the head of the class.

Now figure out the men of whom the combination below remind you. Write a short paragraph about one of them in your own words. Three \$1 prizes.

1. Hatchet and a cherry tree.
2. Banjo eyes and five daughters.
3. Harp and a curly wig.
4. Muddy cloak and a queen.
5. Duck and a cigar.
6. Brown derby and politics.

Blazing Baffler

SUPPOSE a fireman stood on the middle rung of a ladder, directing water into a burning building. As the smoke died down, he stepped up three rungs and continued his work from that point. A sudden flame-up forced him to descend five rungs. Later he climbed up seven rungs and worked there until the fire was out. Then he climbed the six remaining rungs and entered the window.

Can you tell us how many rungs there were on the ladder? You will probably have to draw the ladder in working this baffler. At least drawing the ladder should help you solve it faster, so send in your drawing of the ladder together with your figurings and answer. A \$1 prize for each of three best entries received.

HERRING

Not many fish can hope to match the total annual herring catch. My statisticians, who should know, with pride their latest figures show: Five billion herring caught last year in waters faraway and near. The sardine, snuggled in his tin, characteristically when it comes. And claim a higher annual rate of visits to a man's dinner plate. Aside from that, what fish can say that he adorns, day after day, those many tables as the herring. Whose virtues I am gladly airing them out? Pick out the one you like best and tell why in about 25 words. Three \$1 prizes.



Mr. Hoot Owl got snowed under. So he's going to spend the week-end in an igloo as shown above. Since the wise one has a very active mind, he needed something to occupy it during his sojourn. He chose to take a flock of magazines with him for this purpose. Listed below (in scrambled form) are the names of the magazines he took. Can you figure them out? Pick out the one you like best and tell why in about 25 words. Three \$1 prizes.



Ivor Hugo is shown above immediately after a slight mishap he had while experimenting on his 1924-model car. Dress him up with some clothes. Use colored paper, cloth, crayons, water colors or cut out a costume for him from an old magazine. A \$1 prize for each of the three best jobs.

Honest Oliver.

Prof. Wotanozzle: When are you going to give me that dime you owe me?

Oliver: Next week.

Prof. Wotanozzle: But that's what you told me last week.

Oliver: Sure, I'm a man of my word. Do you think I'd say one thing one week and something else the next?

Fathead.

This is a fish from Mississippi With teeth that anglers say are nippy.

How did he get that funny name? What follows will explain the same.

His head is big around and fat—And that, I think, takes care of that.—By Oliver White.

Cool Summer Joke.

Mr. Jones: When did the Ice Age end?

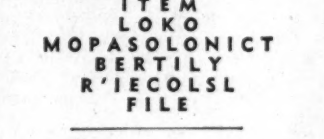
Oliver: When the ice melted.



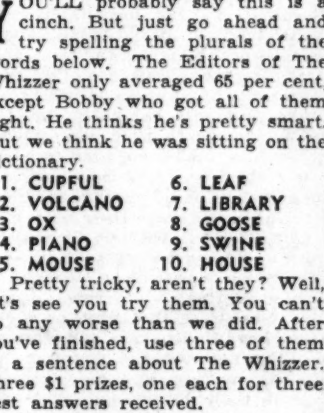
HOOT OWL MYSTERY



Mr. Hoot Owl got snowed under. So he's going to spend the week-end in an igloo as shown above. Since the wise one has a very active mind, he needed something to occupy it during his sojourn. He chose to take a flock of magazines with him for this purpose. Listed below (in scrambled form) are the names of the magazines he took. Can you figure them out? Pick out the one you like best and tell why in about 25 words. Three \$1 prizes.



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OUR DICTIONARY

\$1 Paid for Each Daffynition Used.

Cherub—Consolation, as, "Cherub, you'll win a Whizzer prize yet." —Oliver Nlehouse, 1208 Hodiament.

Dragon—To draw along, as, "They'll come home dragon their tails behind them." —Myrie Bippen, 2904 Keokuk.

Period Costume—A dress all covered with dots.—Dorothy Lautz, 2521 N. Jefferson.

Hide the Whizzer

Want to know how to start your next party off with a bang? Two persons must know this game to make it a success.

First you seat the guests in a wide circle. One of the two who know the game is left with the party, while the other goes into an adjoining room. During his absence a copy of The Whizzer is folded and one of the guests is asked to sit on it. This done, the signal to return is given to the absent member of the group.

Upon his return he is asked to discover who is sitting on The Whizzer. After looking around, he goes straight to the one sitting on it. When the group exclaims in wonderment, you may explain.

The secret: According to a pre-arranged agreement on the part of the two who know the trick, the one who stays in the room assumes exactly the same posture as the one who is sitting on The Whizzer. It is a simple matter for the returning player, after a glance around, to point out the right person. At the end of the game everyone present has a good time working out The Whizzer puzzles.

MAGIC MADE EASY

By Prof. Wotanozzle

HERE'S some Whizzer Magic that will baffle all your friends. Yet it requires no fancy equipment or any practice at making your hand move quicker than the other fellow's eye.

THE TRICK: Show your friends four narrow paper loops, 5 or 6 feet long. Then start it off with this spiel: "My friends, here are four loops practically the same length and alike in every other respect. Yet by simply cutting them in half lengthwise, I will make each one completely different."

"Watch closely. I take this loop (Fig. 1), stick the point of the scissors through the middle of the paper and start cutting it lengthwise around the loop. Around we go, all the way. Presto! We have cut the loop completely in half and into two equal pieces."

"So my friends, you think that's easy and anyone can do it. All right, just try. One of you come here and cut this next loop while I hold it for you. Now, I will show you how, with my mysterious power, I can keep you from cutting this loop in half. Here are the scissors. Cut away!"

(Hold the loop (Fig. 2) while the friend cuts it lengthwise all the way around.) "Presto! There is only one very long loop."

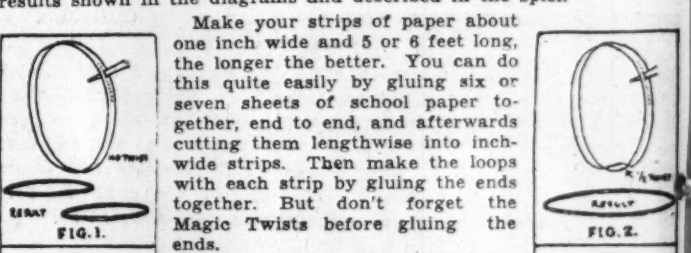
"However, I do not stop there, my friends. To show you my really amazing power, I'll let you try to cut one of these loops in half again. But this time a knot will appear in the loop which you are trying to cut. Cut away!"

(Hold the loop (Fig. 3) while the friend cuts it lengthwise all the way around.) "Presto! There is a very long loop and it has a knot in it."

"And now, friends, I will attempt an even more difficult feat. I will make you cut this circle of paper into two pieces but inside each other. Cut away!"

(Hold the loop (Fig. 4) while the friend cuts it lengthwise all the way around.) "Presto! There are two separate loops but they are tangled together."

THE SECRET: Loop No. 1 is just a narrow strip of paper, 5 or 6 feet long, with the ends glued together to make a circular band. But with Loop No. 2 you twist one end around a one-half twist before gluing. With Loop No. 3 you twist one end around a full twist and half before gluing. With Loop No. 4 you give one end a full twist before gluing. That is all there is to it. Each loop will give the magic results shown in the diagrams and described in the spiel.



Make your strips of paper about one inch wide and 5 or 6 feet long, the longer the better. You can do this quite easily by gluing six or seven sheets of school paper together, end to end, and afterwards cutting them lengthwise into inch-wide strips. Then make the loops with each strip by gluing the ends together. But don't forget the Magic Twists before gluing the ends.

There is little chance that your friends will realize that any of them are twisted differently than the first (Fig. 1) loop. However, if you want you can mystify them almost as much by gluing the loops right in front of them, and then telling them the magic results that you will accomplish by a single twist of the hand and a pair of ordinary scissors.

MUSIC APPRECIATION

Janet: Did the audience show feeling when Joe sang?

Andy: Yes. They were all feeling for their hats.

Mass Introduction. This is Smith, Smith and Smith.

Oliver: Good morning. Good morning. Good morning.

The Careless Printer

Send in the verse only and, in not more than 25 of your own words, tell why St. Louis Dairy Homogenized Vitamin D Milk should be in your home every day. Fill in the two missing words and unscramble the letters.

One _____ of kilm* is a edes losetuba

And every day two singever of _____

One bagieve* (nereg, faley, lew-yol) or more

Plenty of tebutr, and eggs regola laCree or beard from hirc lewlo raigin

And for laI your tomorrows, the mase lure nagia.

*Try St. Louis Dairy Homogenized Vitamin D Milk. Each quart has 400 U.S.P. Vitamin D Units. Tell your mother that when she pays for Vitamin D Milk she might just as well get the kind that has a lot of Vitamin D.

ST. LOUIS DAIRY CO. TELEPHONE CE. 3900

St. Louis radio stations broadcast on channels: KSD, 550 K; 1090 K; KWK, 1350 K; WIL, 1270 K; KFX, 1270 K; KFX, 1270 K.

12:00 Noon, KSD — ASSOCIATED PRESS; KWK — ASSOCIATED PRESS; KWK — ASSOCIATED PRESS.

12:15 WFLW — Market; KXOK — Market; KXOK — Market; KXOK — Market.

12:30 KMOX — Lyn Murray's Modern; KMOX — Lyn Murray's Modern; KMOX — Lyn Murray's Modern.

12:45 KSP — KAVIER CUGAN; KSP — KAVIER CUGAN; KSP — KAVIER CUGAN.

1:00 KMOX — Men Against Death; KMOX — Men Against Death; KMOX — Men Against Death.

1:15 WFLW — Tell-a-Story Club; WFLW — Tell-a-Story Club; WFLW — Tell-a-Story Club.

1:30 KMOX — Safety Brigade; KMOX — Safety Brigade; KMOX — Safety Brigade.

1:45 KMOX — Fran Hines, tenor; KMOX — Fran Hines, tenor; KMOX — Fran Hines, tenor.

2:00 KMOX — One Woman's Opinion; KMOX — One Woman's Opinion; KMOX — One Woman's Opinion.

2:15 KMOX — Merry-makers; KMOX — Merry-makers; KMOX — Merry-makers.

2:30 KMOX — Talk, "The Study of the Mind"; KMOX — Talk, "The Study of the Mind"; KMOX — Talk, "The Study of the Mind".

2:45 WFLW — The Old and the New; WFLW — The Old and the New; WFLW — The Old and the New.

3:00 KWK — Mid-afternoon; KWK — Mid-afternoon; KWK — Mid-afternoon.

59 Years in St. Louis Served Your Grandparents

Erker

TONIGHT

QUAKER PARTY

JOHN BARRYMAN

TONIGHT

ROMEO and JULIET

TONIGHT

YOUR H

FEATURING AMERICAN

LUCKY STRIKE

TONIGHT

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